Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

Condition: Primary Diagnosis

Gender: All Race: All

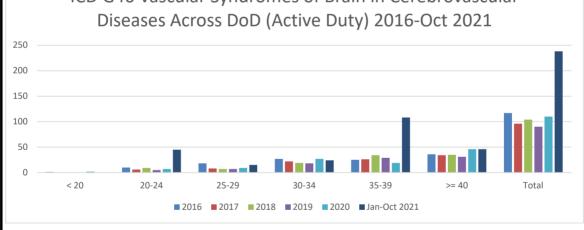
Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

Location: ALL LOCATIONS

Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Jan-Oct 20
< 20	1	0	0	0	2	0
20-24	10	6	9	5	7	45
25-29	18	8	7	7	9	15
30-34	27	22	19	18	27	24
35-39	25	26	34	29	19	108
>= 40	36	34	35	31	46	46
Total	117	96	104	90	110	238
ICI		•	omes of Br			lar 

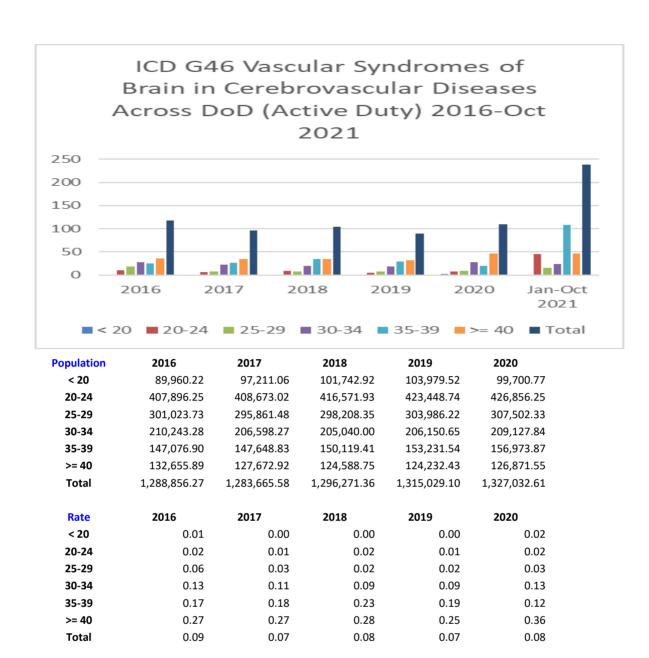


Source: DMSS 1/19/2022

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

\* Selected Diagnoses:

G46 Vascular syndromes of brain in cerebrovascular diseases



Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

G46 Vascular syndromes of brain in cerebrovascular diseases

<sup>\*</sup> Selected Diagnoses:

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

Condition: Primary Diagnosis

Gender: All Race: All

Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

		E08 -	E13 Diabetes Me	llitus		
Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
< 20	58	56	84	87	82	141
20-24	567	533	501	490	500	2,039
25-29	617	638	516	525	560	2,154
30-34	646	596	509	543	589	2,144
35-39	873	731	728	783	690	4,182
>= 40	1,585	1,262	1,119	1,185	1,187	7,807
Total	4,346	3,816	3,457	3,613	3,608	18,467
			E13 Diabetes			
		Dol	0 2016-Nov 20	)21		
5000						20000
4500						18000
4000						16000
3500						14000
3000 ———						12000
2500						10000
2000						8000
1500						6000
1000						4000
500						2000
0	20 20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	>= 40 Tota	0
	2	016 2017	2018 ——201	.9 ——2020 —	2021	
Population	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
< 20	89,960.22	97,211.06	101,742.92	103,979.52	99,700.77	
20-24	407,896.25	408,673.02	416,571.93	423,448.74	426,856.25	
25-29	301,023.73	295,861.48	298,208.35	303,986.22	307,502.33	
30-34	210,243.28	206,598.27	205,040.00	206,150.65	209,127.84	
35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87	
>= 40	132,655.89	127,672.92	124,588.75	124,232.43	126,871.55	
Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61	

Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	0.64	0.58	0.83	0.84	0.82
20-24	1.39	1.30	1.20	1.16	1.17
25-29	2.05	2.16	1.73	1.73	1.82
30-34	3.07	2.88	2.48	2.63	2.82
35-39	5.94	4.95	4.85	5.11	4.40
>= 40	11.95	9.88	8.98	9.54	9.36
Total	3.37	2.97	2.67	2.75	2.72

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

E08 - E13 Diabetes mellitus

<sup>\*</sup> Selected Diagnoses:

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

Condition: Primary Diagnosis

Gender: All Race: All

Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

		K70	- K77 Diseases of	liver		
Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
< 20	29	33	31	32	32	43
20-24	295	320	322	289	312	756
25-29	384	393	370	445	453	1,029
30-34	393	382	383	395	444	1,260
35-39	401	425	410	491	457	1,468
>= 40	492	500	547	582	624	2,274
Total	1,994	2,053	2,063	2,234	2,322	6,830
2,500 ————						7,0 6,0
1,500 ———						5,00
1,000						3,00
0						1,00
< 20	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	>= 40	Total
	2	016 2017	2018 — 201	9 —2020 —	<b>-</b> 2021	
Population	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
< 20	89,960.22	97,211.06	101,742.92	103,979.52	99,700.77	
20-24	407,896.25	408,673.02	416,571.93	423,448.74	426,856.25	
25-29	301,023.73	295,861.48	298,208.35	303,986.22	307,502.33	
30-34	210,243.28	206,598.27	205,040.00	206,150.65	209,127.84	
35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87	
>= 40	132,655.89	127,672.92	124,588.75	124,232.43	126,871.55	
Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61	

Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	0.32	0.34	0.30	0.31	0.32
20-24	0.72	0.78	0.77	0.68	0.73
25-29	1.28	1.33	1.24	1.46	1.47
30-34	1.87	1.85	1.87	1.92	2.12
35-39	2.73	2.88	2.73	3.20	2.91
>= 40	3.71	3.92	4.39	4.68	4.92
Total	1.55	1.60	1.59	1.70	1.75

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

K70 - K77 Diseases of liver

<sup>\*</sup> Selected Diagnoses:

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

**Condition: Primary Diagnosis** 

Gender: All Race: All

Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

		G00 - G99 Dis	eases of the Nerv	ous System		
Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
< 20	2,307	2,385	2,630	2,755	2,425	7,287
20-24	13,593	13,882	14,048	14,899	14,023	96,511
25-29	17,939	17,570	17,358	18,105	17,366	131,50
30-34	15,986	15,862	15,383	16,005	15,189	131,23
35-39	15,362	15,487	15,326	16,115	15,285	198,52
>= 40	17,248	16,812	16,637	17,133	16,498	297,94
Total	82,435	81,998	81,382	85,012	80,786	863,01
	ICD G	00 - G99 Disea	ases of the Ne	rvous System		
		DoD 20	16 to Nov 202	21		
0000						10000
0000						90000
0000						80000
						70000
50000						60000
0000						50000
.0000						40000
0000						
.0000						30000
						20000
.0000						10000
0 <2	20 20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39 >=	40 Total	0
~ 2	20 20-24				=2021	
Population	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
< 20	89,960.22	97,211.06	101,742.92	103,979.52	99,700.77	
20-24	407,896.25	408,673.02	416,571.93	423,448.74	426,856.25	
25-29	301,023.73	295,861.48	298,208.35	303,986.22	307,502.33	
30-34	210,243.28	206,598.27	205,040.00	206,150.65	209,127.84	

35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87
>= 40	132,655.89	127,672.92	124,588.75	124,232.43	126,871.55
Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61
Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	25.64	24.53	25.85	26.50	24.32
20-24	33.32	33.97	33.72	35.18	32.85
25-29	59.59	59.39	58.21	59.56	56.47
30-34	76.04	76.78	75.02	77.64	72.63
35-39	104.45	104.89	102.09	105.17	97.37
>= 40	130.02	131.68	133.54	137.91	130.04
Total	63.96	63.88	62.78	64.65	60.88

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

G00 - G99 Diseases of the nervous system

<sup>\*</sup> Selected Diagnoses:

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

Condition: Primary Diagnosis

Gender: All Race: All

Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

		C15 Maligna	nt Neoplasm of	Esophagus		
Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
< 20	0	0	0	0	0	0
20-24	3	1	0	0	2	3
25-29	3	5	7	8	4	0
30-34	1	5	6	0	2	30
35-39	10	5	3	4	5	69
>= 40	12	20	19	8	13	159
Total	29	36	35	20	26	261
			sophageal Ca 16 to Nov 202			
40						30
35						25
25						20
.5						10
5						50
< 20	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	>= 40 Tota	0
< 20					<b>-</b> 2021	11
	20	2017	2018 ——2019	2020		
Population	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
< 20	89,960.22	97,211.06	101,742.92	103,979.52	99,700.77	
20-24	407,896.25	408,673.02	416,571.93	423,448.74	426,856.25	
25-29	301,023.73	295,861.48	298,208.35	303,986.22	307,502.33	
30-34	210,243.28	206,598.27	205,040.00	206,150.65	209,127.84	

35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87
>= 40	132,655.89	127,672.92	124,588.75	124,232.43	126,871.55
Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61
Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
20-24	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
25-29	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.01
30-34	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.00	0.01
35-39	0.07	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.03
>= 40	0.09	0.16	0.15	0.06	0.10
Total	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.02

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

<sup>\*</sup> Selected Diagnoses:

C15 Malignant neoplasm of esophagus

### FDA Begins Releasing Pfizer COVID Vax Documents

— Court-ordered release runs risk of "cherry picking and taking things out of context"

by Amanda D'Ambrosio, Enterprise & Investigative Writer, MedPage Today March 7, 2022

The FDA turned over thousands of documents related to its review of Pfizer-BioNTech's COVID-19 vaccine last week, marking the first of several releases mandated by a court in Texas earlier this year.

The agency released 55,000 pages of COVID-19 vaccine review documents last Tuesday, following a loss in court months earlier that forced it to expedite its process to make the information available to the public. In a January court order, U.S. District Judge Mark Pittman of the Northern District of Texas required the FDA to release around 12,000 documents immediately, and then 55,000 pages a month until all documents are released -- totaling more than 300,000 pages.

The nonprofit that won the case, Public Health and Medical Professionals for Transparency, sued the FDA last September, claiming that the agency denied its request to expedite the release of COVID-19 vaccine review documents via the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA). In a November joint status report, the FDA proposed releasing around 500 pages of the documents each month -- which would fulfill the organization's FOIA request in about 55 to 75 years.

The agency must redact confidential business and trade secret information from Pfizer and BioNTech, as well as any private information on patients in the clinical trial. In its proposal for a 55-year timeline, the FDA noted that the branch that would handle the request has only 10 employees, and is currently processing around 400 other FOIA requests.

Although the court recognized the "unduly burdensome challenges" that this request imposed on the FDA, it concluded that the release of these documents is of "paramount public importance," stating that expediting the process is "not only practicable, but necessary." Both the FDA and the nonprofit will submit a joint status report by April 1 detailing the progress of the request.

After the FDA distributed the first batch of the documents last week, Public Health and Medical Professionals for Transparency posted the files on its own website. The content of the documents ranges widely, with no real explanation of what the files entail. One listed de-identified data on clinical trial patient demographics and medical history, while another detailed the FDA's response to Pfizer's request for fast track review. One included postmarketing safety data based on voluntarily reported adverse events.

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#### **NEUROSURGERY**

Acute Postoperative Seizures and Engel Class Outcome at 1 Year Postselective Laser Amygdalohippocampal Ablation for Mesial Temporal Lobe Epilepsy.

#### BLOOD

Bortezomib and high-dose melphalan conditioning regimen in frontline multiple myeloma: an IFM randomized phase 3 study.

#### **HYPERTENSION**

Midgestation Leptin Infusion Induces Characteristics of Clinical Preeclampsia in Mice, Which Is Ablated by Endothelial Mineralocorticoid Receptor Deletion.

Zach Zalewski, PhD, JD, a regulatory strategy consultant at Avalere Health, said that many of the documents that will be released were submitted to the FDA up through the vaccine's emergency use authorization and full approval, and may not be material to an overall analysis of the vaccine's safety and efficacy. The FDA already published a drug approval package for Pfizer-BioNTech's COVID-19 vaccine, which consists of summaries of the FDA-reviewed data. The documents that the agency is required to release will likely comprise the unabridged version of this report, Zalewski said.

"This will literally include every scrap of paper that was submitted to FDA for the entirety of the pandemic," Zalewski told *MedPage Today*. "If transparency is what they want, transparency is what they'll get."

Anti-vaccine advocates have already capitalized on the release of these documents to further call COVID-19 vaccines into question. Children's Health Defense, a nonprofit that has taken a stance against the use of COVID vaccines in kids, highlighted a list of adverse

events reported in the documents -- a list that includes any adverse events that occurred in people who participated in the clinical trial, even those who received placebo, and is misleading, experts have said.

"There's a risk of cherry picking and taking things out of context," Zalewski said. "Just because you will have all the data in front of you, that doesn't mean you'll reach any different conclusions."

Public Health and Medical Professionals for Transparency includes several physicians known for spreading false or misleading information during the pandemic, including Aaron Kheriaty, MD, Harvey Risch, MD, PhD, and Peter McCullough, MD.

Amanda D'Ambrosio is a reporter on MedPage Today's enterprise & investigative team. She covers obstetrics-gynecology and other clinical news, and writes features about the U.S. healthcare system. Follow

# FDA Safety Surveillance of COVID-19 Vaccines: DRAFT Working list of possible adverse event outcomes

\*\*\*Subject to change\*\*\*

This side effects appeared for a split second at 2:33:40 in an FDA presentation on October 22, 2020

- Guillain-Barré syndrome
- Acute disseminated encephalomyelitis
- Transverse myelitis
- Encephalitis/myelitis/encephalomyelitis/ meningoencephalitis/meningitis/ encepholapathy
- Convulsions/seizures
- Stroke
- Narcolepsy and cataplexy
- Anaphylaxis
- Acute myocardial infarction
- Myocarditis/pericarditis
- Autoimmune disease

- Deaths
- Pregnancy and birth outcomes
- Other acute demyelinating diseases
- Non-anaphylactic allergic reactions
- Thrombocytopenia
- Disseminated intravascular coagulation
- Venous thromboembolism
- Arthritis and arthralgia/joint pain
- Kawasaki disease
- Multisystem Inflammatory Syndrome in Children
- Vaccine enhanced disease

### VAERS COVID Vaccine Adverse Event Reports

Reports from the Vaccine Adverse Events Reporting System. Our default data reflects all VAERS data including the "nondomestic" reports. ?

All VAERS COVID Reports US/Territories/Unknown

1,247,129 Reports Through April 22, 2022 **9** 

27,532 DEATHS

152,946

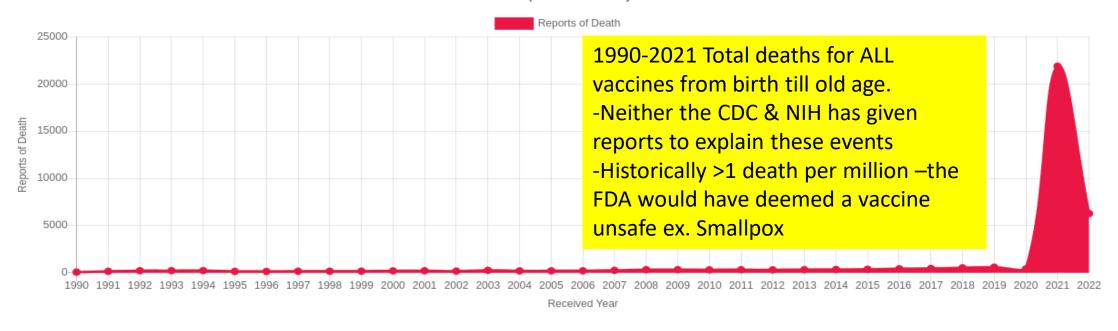
128,134 URGENT CARE

189,907
DOCTOR OFFICE VISITS

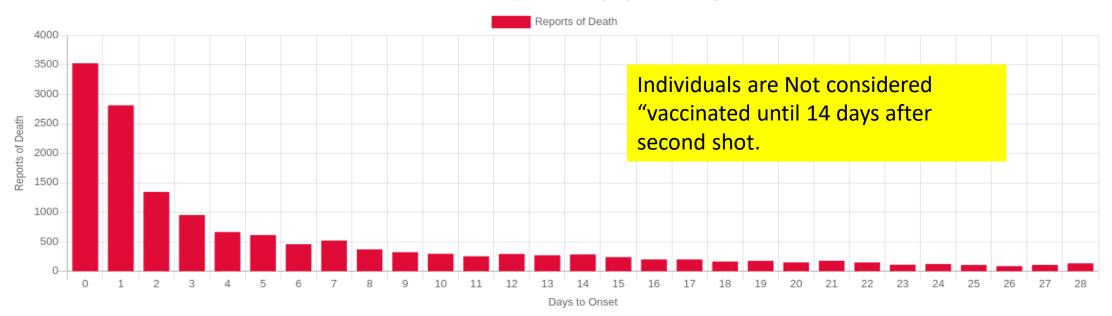
9,643

15,327
BELL'S PALSY

#### All Deaths Reported to VAERS by Year



### VAERS COVID Vaccine Reports of Deaths by Days to Onset-All Ages



# Data from openvaers.com

4,570 Miscarriages 14,096 Heart Attacks 39,639 Myocarditis/Pericarditis 51,163
Permanently
Disabled

6,494
Thrombocytopenia/
Low Platelet

30,748 Life Threatening 41,595 Severe Allergic Reaction 13,599 Shingles

### Reports on Children in VAERS

COVID Vaccine Reports in Children (Ages 5-17)

Through April 22, 2022 o

Deaths

101

Permanently Disabled

422

Myocarditis

1,289

47,475

Total Reports

Life

589

Life Threatening

3,675

Hospitalized

4,703

ER Visit

8,491

Not Recovered

### Reports on Children in VAERS

78
Encephalitis/
Encephalopathy

Encephalitis, Encephalopathy, AntiNMDA Antibodies, AntiMyelin Antibodies

3,796 Migraine/Headache

Migraine, Headache

64
Guillain Barre/
Paralysis

Guillain Barre, Transverse Myelitis, Acute Disseminated Encephalomyelitis 204 Bell's Palsy

Bell's Palsy, Facial Paralysis, Facial Palsy, Facial Nerve Disorder

24
Aneurysm/Cerebral
Haemorrhage

Brain Haemorrhage, Aneurysm, Cerebral Infarction, CVST

> 102 Diabetes

Diabetes, High Blood Sugar, Diabetic Ketoacidosis 1,476 Severe Allergy

Epi Pen, Epinephrine, Rashes/Hives, Swelling, Anaphylaxis

Thrombocytopenia/
Low Platelets

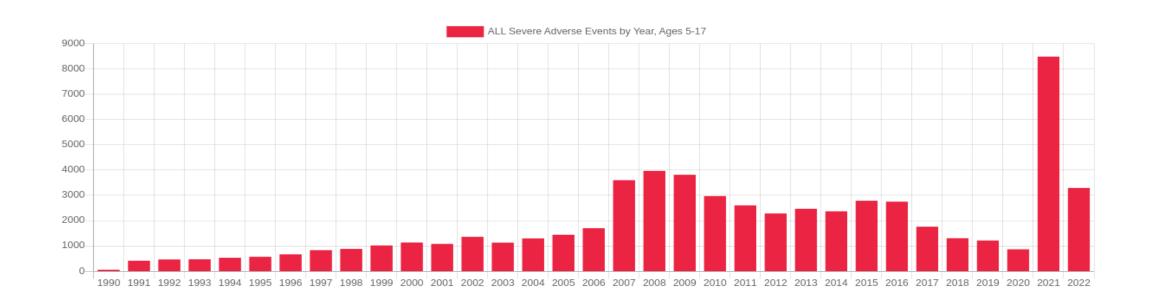
Thrombocytopenia, Platelet Count Decreased

> 107 Appendicitis

Appendicitis, Appendicectomy

# Reports on Children in VAERS





Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

Condition: Primary Diagnosis

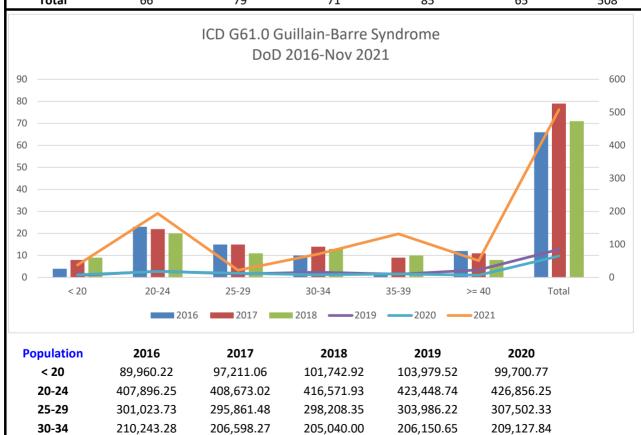
Gender: All Race: All

Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

G61.0 Guillain-Barre syndrome						
Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
< 20	4	8	9	6	8	38
20-24	23	22	20	19	18	194
25-29	15	15	11	11	13	22
30-34	10	14	13	16	8	71
35-39	2	9	10	10	11	132
>= 40	12	11	8	23	7	51
Total	66	79	71	85	65	508



35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87
>= 40	132,655.89	127,672.92	124,588.75	124,232.43	126,871.55
Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61
Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	0.04	0.08	0.09	0.06	0.08
20-24	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.04
25-29	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04
30-34	0.05	0.07	0.06	0.08	0.04
35-39	0.01	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.07
>= 40	0.09	0.09	0.06	0.19	0.06
Total	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.06	0.05

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

G61.0 Guillain-Barre syndrome

<sup>\*</sup> Selected Diagnoses:

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

Condition: Primary Diagnosis

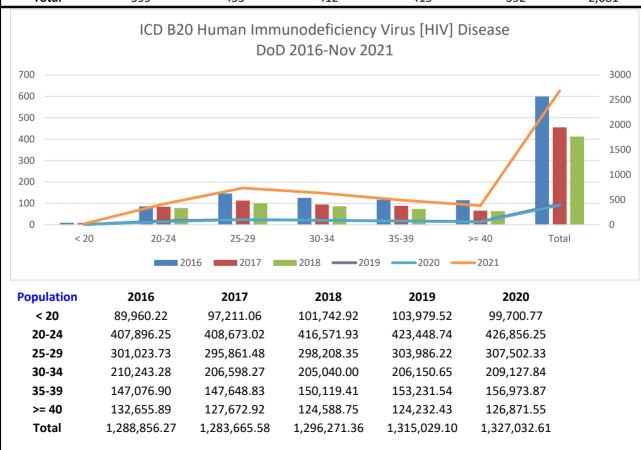
Gender: All Race: All

Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

B20 Human Immunodeficiency Virus [HIV] Disease						
Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
< 20	9	8	10	5	4	21
20-24	86	84	78	79	63	415
25-29	146	113	100	104	102	735
30-34	126	95	86	89	90	634
35-39	117	89	74	76	75	494
>= 40	115	66	64	62	58	382
Total	599	455	412	415	392	2,681



Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	0.10	0.08	0.10	0.05	0.04
20-24	0.21	0.21	0.19	0.19	0.15
25-29	0.49	0.38	0.34	0.34	0.33
30-34	0.60	0.46	0.42	0.43	0.43
35-39	0.80	0.60	0.49	0.50	0.48
>= 40	0.87	0.52	0.51	0.50	0.46
Total	0.46	0.35	0.32	0.32	0.30
Total	0.46	0.35	0.32	0.32	0.30

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

B20 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease

<sup>\*</sup> Selected Diagnoses:

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

Condition: Primary Diagnosis

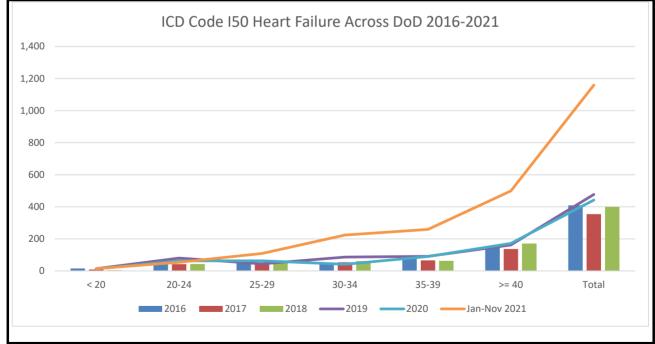
Gender: All Race: All

Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

		I50 H	leart failur	e		
Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Jan-Nov 2021
< 20	15	9	5	14	13	14
20-24	68	42	43	80	63	54
25-29	56	46	56	44	63	109
30-34	47	54	61	86	41	224
35-39	76	66	63	91	90	259
>= 40	147	137	171	162	172	499
Total	409	354	399	477	442	1,159



Population	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	89,960.22	97,211.06	101,742.92	103,979.52	99,700.77
20-24	407,896.25	408,673.02	416,571.93	423,448.74	426,856.25
25-29	301,023.73	295,861.48	298,208.35	303,986.22	307,502.33
30-34	210,243.28	206,598.27	205,040.00	206,150.65	209,127.84

35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87
>= 40	132,655.89	127,672.92	124,588.75	124,232.43	126,871.55
Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61
Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	0.17	0.09	0.05	0.13	0.13
20-24	0.17	0.10	0.10	0.19	0.15
25-29	0.19	0.16	0.19	0.14	0.20
30-34	0.22	0.26	0.30	0.42	0.20
35-39	0.52	0.45	0.42	0.59	0.57
>= 40	1.11	1.07	1.37	1.30	1.36
Total	0.32	0.28	0.31	0.36	0.33

Source: DMSS 1/24/2022

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

I50 Heart failure

<sup>\*</sup> Selected Diagnoses:

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

Condition: Primary Diagnosis

Gender: All Race: All

Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

		D69.3 Immune	Thrombocytope	nic Purpura		
Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
< 20	6	13	15	6	6	28
20-24	36	47	40	37	37	117
25-29	46	41	47	45	41	132
30-34	42	38	30	30	29	140
35-39	19	21	23	30	28	55
>= 40	40	26	20	16	20	92
Total	189	186	175	164	161	564
200	1001	D69.3 Immune DoD	2016 -Nov 202			60
50						50
50						20
0 -						10
< 20	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	>= 40 Tota	o al
	201	2017	2018 ——2019	2020	<b>-</b> 2021	
Population	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
< 20	89,960.22	97,211.06	101,742.92	103,979.52	99,700.77	
20-24	407,896.25	408,673.02	416,571.93	423,448.74	426,856.25	
25-29	301,023.73	295,861.48	298,208.35	303,986.22	307,502.33	
30-34	210,243.28	206,598.27	205,040.00	206,150.65	209,127.84	
35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87	
>= 40	132,655.89	127,672.92	124,588.75	124,232.43	126,871.55	
Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61	

Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	0.07	0.13	0.15	0.06	0.06
20-24	0.09	0.12	0.10	0.09	0.09
25-29	0.15	0.14	0.16	0.15	0.13
30-34	0.20	0.18	0.15	0.15	0.14
35-39	0.13	0.14	0.15	0.20	0.18
>= 40	0.30	0.20	0.16	0.13	0.16
Total	0.15	0.14	0.14	0.12	0.12

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

D69.3 Immune thrombocytopenic purpura

<sup>\*</sup> Selected Diagnoses:

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

Condition: Primary Diagnosis

Gender: All Race: All

Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

Counts	2016	2017	20	18 2	2019	2020	Jan-Oct 20
< 20	8	6	8	3	13	2	10
20-24	265	263	23	33	268	212	882
25-29	466	500			466	438	2,191
30-34	540	575	_		547	499	2,615
35-39	536	556		-	507	495	1,805
>= 40	372	387			351	344	862
Total	2,187	2,28	7 2,0	37 2	,152	1,990	8,365
,000, ,000, ,000, ,000, ,000,					1		
,000 ———				_===			
0	2016	2017	2018	2019		2020	Jan-Oct 2021
	2010					2020	3411 000 2022
		■<20 ■20	-24 <b>■</b> 25-29 <b>■</b> 30	0-34 ■35-39 ■>	= 40 ■ Total		
raci DNACC 1	./19/2022						
ice: Diviss 1							

Population	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	89,960.22	97,211.06	101,742.92	103,979.52	99,700.77
20-24	407,896.25	408,673.02	416,571.93	423,448.74	426,856.25
25-29	301,023.73	295,861.48	298,208.35	303,986.22	307,502.33
30-34	210,243.28	206,598.27	205,040.00	206,150.65	209,127.84
35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87
>= 40	132,655.89	127,672.92	124,588.75	124,232.43	126,871.55
Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61
Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	0.09	0.06	0.08	0.13	0.02
20-24	0.65	0.64	0.56	0.63	0.50
25-29	1.55	1.69	1.49	1.53	1.42
30-34	2.57	2.78	2.57	2.65	2.39
35-39	3.64	3.77	3.10	3.31	3.15
>= 40	2.80	3.03	2.88	2.83	2.71
Total	1.70	1.78	1.57	1.64	1.50

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

\* Selected Diagnoses: N46 Male infertility

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, Jan to Nov 2021

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

**Condition: Primary Diagnosis** 

Gender: All Race: All Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
< 20	200	236	250	228	237	1,18
20-24	711	874	923	1,081	1,049	5,06
25-29	781	853	902	1,027	1,041	3,56
30-34	582	645	584	662	670	1,82
35-39	460	440	451	553	522	1,36
>= 40	370	355	371	392	382	89
Total	3,104	3,403	3,481	3,943	3,901	13,90
3000						12000
3000						12000
						10000
2500						8000
2500 — 2000 — 2000						8000
2500 —						
2500 — 2000 — 1500 — 10						6000
2500 —						6000

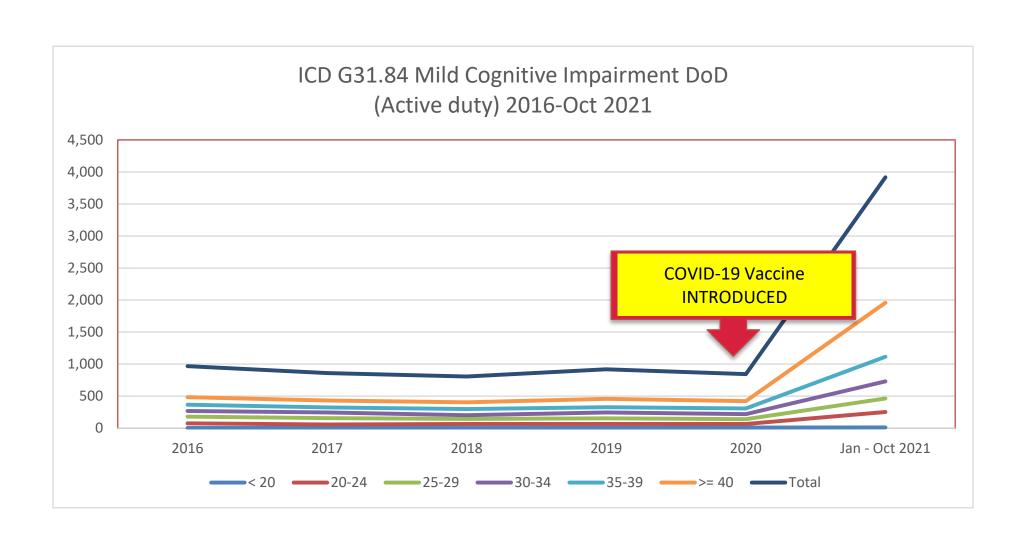
Population	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	89,960.22	97,211.06	101,742.92	103,979.52	99,700.77
20-24	407,896.25	408,673.02	416,571.93	423,448.74	426,856.25
25-29	301,023.73	295,861.48	298,208.35	303,986.22	307,502.33
30-34	210,243.28	206,598.27	205,040.00	206,150.65	209,127.84
35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87
>= 40	132,655.89	127,672.92	124,588.75	124,232.43	126,871.55
Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61

Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	2.22	2.43	2.46	2.19	2.38
20-24	1.74	2.14	2.22	2.55	2.46
25-29	2.59	2.88	3.02	3.38	3.39
30-34	2.77	3.12	2.85	3.21	3.20
35-39	3.13	2.98	3.00	3.61	3.33
>= 40	2.79	2.78	2.98	3.16	3.01
Total	2.41	2.65	2.69	3.00	2.94

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

N94 Pain and oth cond assoc w fem gntl org and menstrual cycle

<sup>\*</sup> Selected Diagnoses:



Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

**Condition: Primary Diagnosis** 

Gender: All Race: All

\* Selected Diagnoses:

G35 - G37 Demyelinating diseases of the central nervous system

Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

Counts	2016	2017	2018	L6 to Oct 2021 <b>2019</b>	2020	Jan-Oct 2021	
< 20	2016 15	2017 16	<b>2018</b> 8	2019 8	30	Jan-Oct 2021 15	
20-24	15 107	115	86	96	30 87	484	
20-24 25-29	107 170	115	86 175	96 155	87 146	484 585	
30-34	170 152	164	175	133	146	492	
30-34 35-39	148	148	139	124 151	134	822	
>= 40	148 193	148 166	153	143	134	_	
>= 40 Total	193 785	737	690	143 677	648	1,046 3,444	
00	ICD G35 - 0	-	_	of the Central .6 to Oct 2021	Nervous Syst	·	
00 ——	ICD G35 - 0	-	_	of the Central	Nervous Syst	·	
00	ICD G35 - 0	-	_	of the Central	Nervous Syst	·	
00	ICD G35 - 0	-	_	of the Central	Nervous Syst	·	
00	ICD G35 - 0	-	_	of the Central	Nervous Syst	·	
00	ICD G35 - 0	-	_	of the Central	Nervous Syst	·	
00		-	tive Duty) 201	of the Central	Nervous Syst	em	
000	ICD G35 - 0	-	_	of the Central	Nervous Syst	·	

Population	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	89,960.22	97,211.06	101,742.92	103,979.52	99,700.77
20-24	407,896.25	408,673.02	416,571.93	423,448.74	426,856.25
25-29	301,023.73	295,861.48	298,208.35	303,986.22	307,502.33
30-34	210,243.28	206,598.27	205,040.00	206,150.65	209,127.84
35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87
>= 40	132,655.89	127,672.92	124,588.75	124,232.43	126,871.55
Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61
Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Rate < 20	<b>2016</b> 0.17	<b>2017</b> 0.16	<b>2018</b> 0.08	<b>2019</b> 0.08	<b>2020</b> 0.30
		_			
< 20	0.17	0.16	0.08	0.08	0.30
< 20 20-24	0.17 0.26	0.16 0.28	0.08 0.21	0.08 0.23	0.30 0.20
< 20 20-24 25-29	0.17 0.26 0.56	0.16 0.28 0.55	0.08 0.21 0.59	0.08 0.23 0.51	0.30 0.20 0.47
< 20 20-24 25-29 30-34	0.17 0.26 0.56 0.72	0.16 0.28 0.55 0.62	0.08 0.21 0.59 0.63	0.08 0.23 0.51 0.60	0.30 0.20 0.47 0.53
< 20 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39	0.17 0.26 0.56 0.72 1.01	0.16 0.28 0.55 0.62 1.00	0.08 0.21 0.59 0.63 0.93	0.08 0.23 0.51 0.60 0.99	0.30 0.20 0.47 0.53 0.85

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

G35 - G37 Demyelinating diseases of the central nervous system

<sup>\*</sup> Selected Diagnoses:

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

**Condition: Primary Diagnosis** 

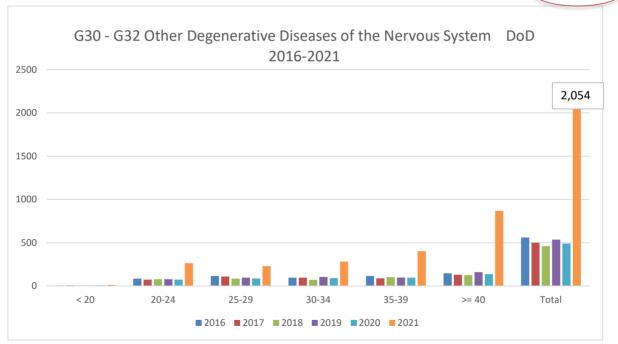
Gender: All Race: All

Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Counts	2010	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
< 20	4	7	4	5	8	12
20-24	84	73	78	77	72	263
25-29	115	109	84	95	86	229
30-34	96	95	69	103	90	281
35-39	115	87	102	97	96	401
>= 40	146	129	124	159	137	868
Total	560	500	461	536	489	2,054



Population	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	89,960.22	97,211.06	101,742.92	103,979.52	99,700.77
20-24	407,896.25	408,673.02	416,571.93	423,448.74	426,856.25
25-29	301,023.73	295,861.48	298,208.35	303,986.22	307,502.33
30-34	210,243.28	206,598.27	205,040.00	206,150.65	209,127.84
35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87
>= 40	132,655.89	127,672.92	124,588.75	124,232.43	126,871.55
Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61
Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	0.04	0.07	0.04	0.05	0.08
20-24	0.21	0.18	0.19	0.18	0.17
25-29	0.38	0.37	0.28	0.31	0.28
30-34	0.46	0.46	0.34	0.50	0.43
35-39	0.78	0.59	0.68	0.63	0.61
>= 40	1.10	1.01	1.00	1.28	1.08
Total	0.43	0.39	0.36	0.41	0.37

Source: DMSS 1/19/2022

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

G30 - G32 Other degenerative diseases of the nervous system

<sup>\*</sup> Selected Diagnoses:

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

Condition: Primary Diagnosis

Gender: All Race: All

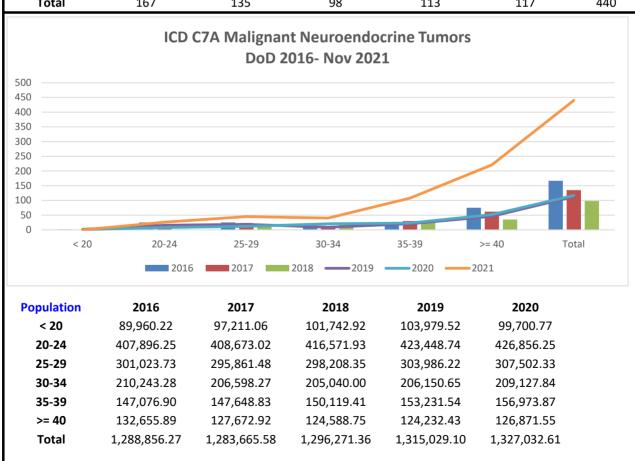
Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

Location: ALL LOCATIONS

	C7A Malignant Neuroendocrine Tumors					
Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
< 20	2	0	0	2	1	0
20-24	25	6	2	16	8	26
25-29	25	23	18	19	12	45
30-34	15	14	18	9	21	40
35-39	25	30	25	21	23	108
>= 40	75	62	35	46	52	221
Total	167	135	98	113	117	440



Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
< 20	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.01	
20-24	0.06	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.02	
25-29	0.08	0.08	0.06	0.06	0.04	
30-34	0.07	0.07	0.09	0.04	0.10	
35-39	0.17	0.20	0.17	0.14	0.15	
>= 40	0.57	0.49	0.28	0.37	0.41	
Total	0.13	0.11	0.08	0.09	0.09	

Source: DMSS 1/19/2022

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

\* Selected Diagnoses:

C7A Malignant neuroendocrine tumors

Vaccine Administered Within Previous 42 Days

Symptoms suggesting Neurologic Dysfunction

- Encephalopathy
- Flaccid limb weakness/paralysis
- Sensory abnormalities
- Autonomic dysfunction
- Other neurologic signs/symptoms (TBD)

History and physical examination

- Determine signs, symptoms
- Elicit time course and extent of deficit(s)
- Determine if history suggests infection, inflammatory disease, vascular/ischemia, neoplasia, multiple sclerosis, alcoholism, radiation exposure, or trauma

Yes

Yes

Footnote [1] Suggests a central process

- Encephalopathy
- Focal cortical signs (e.g., aphasia)
- Cranial nerve abnormality(ies)
- Visual field defect/defects
- Presence of primitive reflexes (Babinski's sign, glabellar reflex, snout/sucking reflex)
- Weakness (diffuse or focal)
- Sensory abnormalities
- Altered deep tendon reflexes (hypo- or hyperreflexia, asymmetry of reflexes)
- Cerebellar dysfunction (e.g., ataxia, dysmetria, nystagmus)

Footnote [2] Suggests a peripheral process

- Limb weakness following an acute severe pain in the shoulder girdle and upper arm with no apparent cause
- Focal facial weakness/paresthesia
- Acute onset of bilateral relatively symmetric flaccid weakness/paralysis of the limbs with or without involvement of respiratory or cranial nerve-innervated muscles
- Decreased or absent deep tendon reflexes
- Monophasic illness pattern, with weakness nadir reached between 12 hours and 28 days, followed by clinical plateau and subsequent improvement, or death

H/P suggestive Yes of compressive myelopathy No

If gadolinium enhanced MRI of the spinal cord shows spinal mass, obtain urgent neurosurgical consultation

Obtain MRI - If diffuse or multifocal brain &/or cord white matter lesions evaluate for the following...

CBC with differential, ESR, CRP Lumbar puncture [3] R/O infectious etiology [4] R/O other factors [5]

Obtain electrophysiologic (NCS/ EMG) studies to evaluate for the following...

CBC with differential, ESR, CRP Consider LP if sx origin unclear [3] R/O infectious etiology [4] R/O other factors [5]

Click on representative diagnosis (based upon H/P, imaging, & labs) for further diagnostic and therapeutic suggestions.

**ADEM** 

Transverse Myelitis

Encephalopathy

Guillain-Barre Syndrome

**Brachial Plexus Neuritis** 

Bell's Palsy

H/P suggestive of Peripheral Process [2]

H/P suggestive

of Central

Process [1]

No

Footnote [3] Lumbar puncture

- CSF lymphocytic pleocytosis or polymorphonuclear leucocytosis
- Myelin Basic Protein
- Oligoclonal bands
- CSF IgG index

Footnote [4] Infectious causes Influenza, HSV 1 & 2, EBV, CMV, HIV, HHV6, Coxsackie, Coronavirus, West Nile virus; Streptococcus, Chlamydiae, Campylobacter, Syphilis, Mycoplasma pneumoniae, Varicella Zoster, Lyme

Footnote [5] Other Labs

- Comp Metabolic Screen
- Hqb A1c
- B12/Folate
- Thyroid profile/TSH
- SPEP r/o monoclonal abs
- Urinalysis, UPEP if protein incr
- Urine heavy metals
- ANA/ENA/RF

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

Condition: Primary Diagnosis

Gender: All Race: All

Marital Status: All

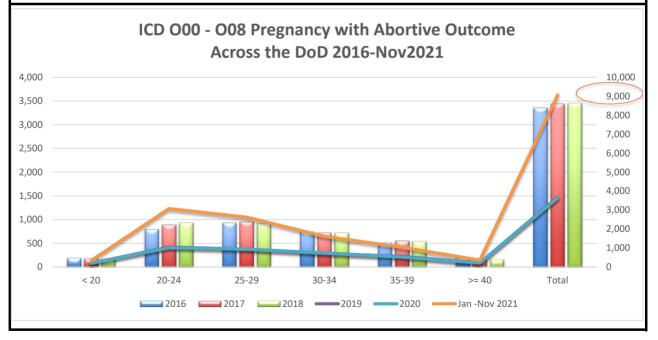
Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

Location: ALL LOCATIONS

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	ICD O00	- O08 Pregn	ancy with A	bortive Outo	come	
Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Jan -Nov 2021
< 20	187	176	177	201	206	343
20-24	794	888	931	1,052	1,013	3,079
25-29	934	949	913	935	941	2,625
30-34	741	715	721	715	744	1,620
35-39	509	553	543	561	525	1,037
>= 40	192	161	164	218	214	362
Total	3,357	3,442	3,449	3,682	3,643	9,066



Population	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	89,960.22	97,211.06	101,742.92	103,979.52	99,700.77
20-24	407,896.25	408,673.02	416,571.93	423,448.74	426,856.25
25-29	301,023.73	295,861.48	298,208.35	303,986.22	307,502.33
30-34	210,243.28	206,598.27	205,040.00	206,150.65	209,127.84
35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87
>= 40	132.655.89	127.672.92	124.588.75	124.232.43	126.871.55

Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61
Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	2.08	1.81	1.74	1.93	2.07
20-24	1.95	2.17	2.23	2.48	2.37
25-29	3.10	3.21	3.06	3.08	3.06
30-34	3.52	3.46	3.52	3.47	3.56
35-39	3.46	3.75	3.62	3.66	3.34
>= 40	1.45	1.26	1.32	1.75	1.69
Total	2.60	2.68	2.66	2.80	2.75

Source: DMSS 1/24/2022

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

000 - 008 Pregnancy with abortive outcome

<sup>\*</sup> Selected Diagnoses:

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

Condition: Primary Diagnosis

Gender: All Race: All

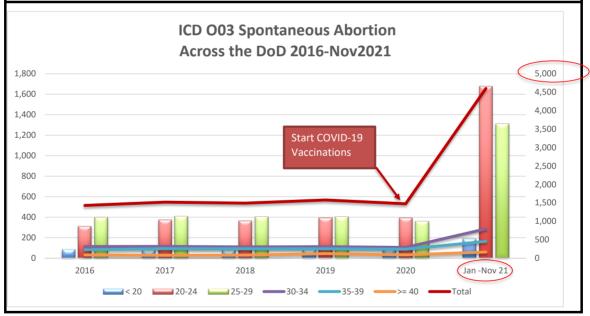
Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

Location: ALL LOCATIONS

		ICD O03 Sp	ontaneous A	Abortion		
Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Jan -Nov 21
< 20	86	83	80	88	94	189
20-24	310	373	364	394	392	1,679
25-29	399	406	403	405	362	1,312
30-34	317	320	307	313	293	796
35-39	232	258	254	256	244	458
>= 40	87	79	85	124	92	168
Total	1,431	1,519	1,493	1,580	1,477	4,602



Population	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	89,960.22	97,211.06	101,742.92	103,979.52	99,700.77
20-24	407,896.25	408,673.02	416,571.93	423,448.74	426,856.25
25-29	301,023.73	295,861.48	298,208.35	303,986.22	307,502.33
30-34	210,243.28	206,598.27	205,040.00	206,150.65	209,127.84
35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87
>= 40	132,655.89	127,672.92	124,588.75	124,232.43	126,871.55
Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61
Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	0.96	0.85	0.79	0.85	0.94

20-24	0.76	0.91	0.87	0.93	0.92
25-29	1.33	1.37	1.35	1.33	1.18
30-34	1.51	1.55	1.50	1.52	1.40
35-39	1.58	1.75	1.69	1.67	1.55
>= 40	0.66	0.62	0.68	1.00	0.73
Total	1.11	1.18	1.15	1.20	1.11

Source: DMSS 1/24/2022

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

\* Selected Diagnoses: O03 Spontaneous abortion

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

**Condition: Primary Diagnosis** 

Gender: All Race: All

Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

Location: ALL LOCATIONS

		ICD E28 Ov	arian dysfuncti	ion		
Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	202
< 20	22	35	30	22	28	8
20-24	152	151	142	176	197	1,13
25-29	218	224	211	216	215	1,24
30-34	186	198	211	197	253	88
35-39	166	211	198	206	180	46
>= 40	118	117	116	128	149	28
Total	862	936	908	945	1,022 (	4,08
900						4500 4000 3500
700						3000
600						2500
500						2000
						1500
400						1300
300						
						1000
300 — 200 — 100 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —						500
300	20-24	25-29	30-34 3	35-39 >= 4(	) Total	

Population	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	89,960.22	97,211.06	101,742.92	103,979.52	99,700.77
20-24	407,896.25	408,673.02	416,571.93	423,448.74	426,856.25
25-29	301,023.73	295,861.48	298,208.35	303,986.22	307,502.33
30-34	210,243.28	206,598.27	205,040.00	206,150.65	209,127.84
35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87
>= 40	132,655.89	127,672.92	124,588.75	124,232.43	126,871.55
Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61
Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	0.24	0.36	0.29	0.21	0.28
20-24	0.37	0.37	0.34	0.42	0.46
25-29	0.72	0.76	0.71	0.71	0.70
30-34	0.88	0.96	1.03	0.96	1.21
35-39	1.13	1.43	1.32	1.34	1.15
>= 40	0.89	0.92	0.93	1.03	1.17
Total	0.67	0.73	0.70	0.72	0.77

Source: DMSS 1/19/2022

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

E28 Ovarian dysfunction

<sup>\*</sup> Selected Diagnoses:

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

**Condition: Primary Diagnosis** 

Gender: All Race: All

Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

Location: ALL LOCATIONS

Counts	2016	2017	monary Embo <sup>2018</sup>	2019	2020	2022
< 20	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	202. 59
20-24	14 117	95	111	127	148	462
25-29	117	151	129	126	218	626
30-34	145	134	113	120	176	603
35-39	115	138	138	158	170	823
>= 40	170	169	166	172	232	91
Total	678	701	668	716	968	3,489
3000						
3000						
2500						
2500 ————						
1500						
2000 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —						
2000 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39 >	= 40 Tot	al

Population	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	89,960.22	97,211.06	101,742.92	103,979.52	99,700.77
20-24	407,896.25	408,673.02	416,571.93	423,448.74	426,856.25
25-29	301,023.73	295,861.48	298,208.35	303,986.22	307,502.33
30-34	210,243.28	206,598.27	205,040.00	206,150.65	209,127.84
35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87
>= 40	132,655.89	127,672.92	124,588.75	124,232.43	126,871.55
Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61
Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	0.16	0.14	0.11	0.11	0.22
20-24	0.29	0.23	0.27	0.30	0.35
25-29	0.39	0.51	0.43	0.41	0.71
30-34	0.69	0.65	0.55	0.59	0.84
35-39	0.78	0.93	0.92	1.03	1.10
>= 40	1.28	1.32	1.33	1.38	1.83
Total	0.53	0.55	0.52	0.54	0.73

Source: DMSS 1/19/2022

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

<sup>\*</sup> Selected Diagnoses: I26 Pulmonary embolism

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Terms and abbreviations used in this section

Terms and abbre	viations not omitted or defined ALC-0159 Added	
to this	PEG lipid	
ALC-0315.	Aminoolipids added to this drug	
[3h] -the	RadioLabeled [Cholesteryl-1,2-3H (N)] -Cholestryl Hexadecyl Ether: Radioactive Signs [Cholester	
	Lil -1, 2-3H (N)] Hexadecyl ether	
DSPC	1,2-Distearoyl-Sn-Glycero-3-Phosphocholine: 1,2-Jistealoyl-Sn-Glycero-3-Phosphoco	
	Rin	
GLP	Good Laboratory Practice: Standard of implementation of non-clinical trials on drug safety	
LNP	Lipid-nanoparticle: Lipid nanoparticles	
modrna	Nucleoside-Modified mRNA: Modified nucleoside mRNA	
mRNA	Messenger RNA: Messenger RNA	
m/z	M / Z (M Over Z): Give the weight of ions by unified atomic mass unit (= Dalton)	
	A dimensionless amount obtained by dividing the amount of the number of ions by the absolute value of the nu	mber of ions.
PEG	Polyethylene Glycol: Polyethylene glycol	
PK	Pharmacokinetics: Pharmacokinetics	
Rna	Ribonucleic Acid: ribonucleic acid	
There	Supernatant fraction obtained from liver homogenate by centrifuging at 9000 g????????	
	To A supernatant dispatched with 9000 g centrifuged	
WHO	World Health Organization: World Health Organization	

1.0.4 Overview of Frialmacokinetic Test

#### 1. Summary

BNT162B2 (BionTech Code Number: BNT162, PFIZER Code Number: PF-07302048) is a heavy acute call

Susing syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-COV-2) spike glycoprotein (S protein) total length

Code modified nucleoside MRNA (MODRNA) and for infectious diseases with SARS-COV-2

Development has been developed as the essence of mRNA vaccines. In formulation of BNT162B2, two

Functional lipid ALC-0315 (amino lipid) and ALC-0159 (PEG lipid) and two structural lipids

As By mixing with DSPC (1,2-Distearoyl-Sn-Glycero-3-Phosphocholine) and cholesterol

Lipid nanoparticles (LNP) which encapsulate BNT162B2 are formed (hereinafter, "BNT162B2 encapsulated LNP").

ALC-0315 contained in LNP and ALC-0315 and

In vivo and in vitro tests and BNT162B2 to evaluate ALC-0159 absorption (PK), metabolism and excretion

In-vivo distribution test using luciferase or radiolabeled lipid as an alternative reporter

Conducted.

Based on the development of vaccines for the prevention of infections, based on the need to evaluate systemic exposure (WHO, 2005; Infectious disease prevention vaccine non-clinical trial guidelines) 1, 2, BNT162B2 Encapsulated LNP muscles

By admission PK test did not conduct. Also, the other he contained in this drug is two lipids (cholester

Roll and DSPC is a naturally occurring lipid, and is considered to be metabolism as well as endogenous lipids.

available.in addition, BNT162B2 is degraded by ribonuclease in captured cells and nucleic acid

Thank you, S-protein derived from BNT162B2 is expected to be subject to proteolysis. From the above,

It was thought that no need to evaluate metabolism and excretion of these components.

LNP enclosed RNA encoding luciferase as an alternative reporter of BNT162B2 (Lucife

Laze RNA is enclosed in LNP with the same lipid configuration as BNT162B2 encapsulated LNP: Since then, "Lucifer

Zer In the PK test, which was administered intravenously to Wistar Han rats), plasma, urine, feces and

Collect liver samples over time and in each sample ALC-0315 and ALC-0159 concentrations were measured. That

fruit, ALC-0315 and ALC-0159 have been shown to be promptly distributed from blood to the liver. Also,

ALC-0315 and ALC-0159 excreted about 1% and about 50% of doses as unchanged

In urine, all were less than the detection limit.

In vivo distribution test, luciferase RNA encapsulated LNP was intramuscularly administered to BALB / C mice. That

As a result, the expression of luciferase was found at the site of administration, and the expression level was low in the liver.

Also recognized. Expression at the administration site of luciferase is after administration from 6 hours, and after administration 9 days

Was disappeared. After administration of the lively expressived for 6 hours and disappeared by 48 hours after administration. Also,

Luciferase RNA encapsulated LNP radiolabeled body is intramuscularly administered into rats to quantitatively in vivo distribution.

When evaluated, the radioactivity concentration was the highest at the site of administration. The liver is the highest outside the administration site It was (maximum of dose 18%).

Metabolism of ALC-0315 and ALC-0159 CD-1 / ICR mouse, Wistar Han or Sprague Dawley rats,

Cynomolgus monkeys or human blood, liver microsomes, liver In vitro using S9 fractions and hepatocytes evaluated. Also, the above-mentioned rat intravenous administration, urine, feces and liver samples collected in PK test

In VIVO metabolism was also examined. From these in vitro and in vivo tests, ALC-0315 and

ALC-0159 is an ester bond and an amide bond hydration, respectively, in any animal species of testing

It has been shown to be slowly metabolized by solution.

From the above non-clinical pharmacokinetic evaluation, the circulating by Bowns hearthful be distributed in the liver. Metabolism and feces excretion is involved in the disappearance of ALC-0315 and ALC-0159, respectively. It was suggested.

2. Analysis Method

Report number: PF-07302048\_06

\_072424

ALC-0315 and ALC-0315, which is a LNP constituent lipid in rat intravenous administration PK test (M2.6.4.3) of GLP non-application

ALC-0159 Developed LC / MS method with appropriate performance to quantify concentrations. That is, 20 µl

Plasma, liver homogenate (liver

A homogenate is prepared using sections collected from three places.

Suitable for pooling, dilute with blank matrix), urine and feces homogenate (as appropriate, Blanc

Cumatrix diluted) Samples Internal standards (

Removed by acetonitrile containing PEG-2000)

We subjected to LC-MS / MS measurement. After protein, centrifuge and the supernatant

3. Absorption

Report number: PF-07302048\_06

\_ 072424, Overview Table: 2.6.5.3

#### Luciferase RNA encapsulated LNP is male to consider the in-vibration condition of ALC-0315 and ALC-0159

Wistar Han rats are administered in a single intravenous administration at a dose of 1 mg RNA / kg, with time (before administration, 0.1, 0.25, Sparse plasma and liver on 0.5, 1, 3, 6 and 24 hours and 2, 4, 8 and 14 days after administration.

Collected by sampling

Three / time pointed).ALC-0315 and ALC-0159 in plasma and liver

Measure the concent Pakinarameters were calculated (Table 1). Blood ALC-0315 and ALC-0159

After Slightly distributed to the liver by 24 hours. Also, 24 hours plasma concentration after administration is in the highest plasma

Density It was less than 1% (Figure 1). Close-end phase disappearance half-life (T2) is in plasma and in liver

The same levelALC-0315 was 6 to 8 days, and ALC-0159 was 2-3 days. From the results of this test, the liver is in blood

It was suggested that it is one of the major organizations that take ALC-0315 and ALC-0159. from

Conducted in this study It is Section M2.6.4.6.

On the examination results of Urinary and feces concentration of ALC-0315 and ALC-0159

Table 1 luciferase RNA encapsulated LNP in Wistar Han rats at a dose of 1 mg RNA / kg

When given

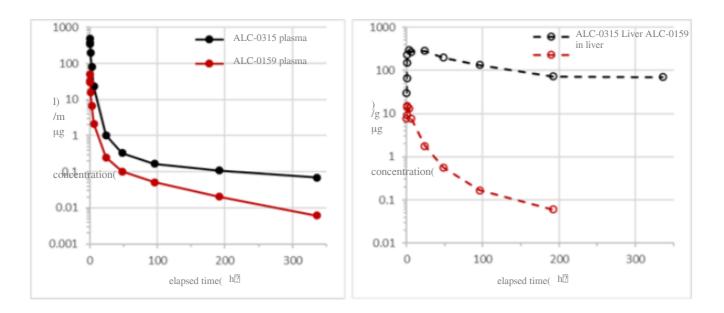
Pharmacokinetics of ALC-0315 and ALC-0159

Analyte	Analyze dose (mg/kg)	sex/Nt½?]h[?		AUCinf (μg•h/mL)	AUClast ( μg•h/mL[]	To the liver Distribution rationa
ALC-0315.	15.3	Male	139	1030	1020	60
ALC-0159.	1.96	Male	72.7	99.2	98.6	20

a. Calculated as the highest liver distribution amount ( $\mu g$ ) / [dose ( $\mu g$ )].b. Each time point. Sparse sampling.

Figure 1 luciferase RNA encapsulated LNP in Wistar Han rats at a dose of 1 mg RNA / kg

When given Plasma and liver concentrations of ALC-0315 and ALC-0159



#### 4. Distribution

Cypherase emission detection

Report number: R-172, 185350, Overview Table: 2.6.5.5a, 2.6.5.5b

Luciferin, which is a light emitting substrate 5 minutes ago, is administered intraperitoneally, isoflurane hemp

femaleAdminister luciferase RNA encapsulated LNP to BALB / C mice (3 animals) and luciferase emission

As an alternative marker The vivo distribution of BNT162B2 was examined. That is, luciferase RNA encapsulation

 $LNP\ was\ administered\ intramuscularly\ at\ a\ dose\ of\ 1\ \mu g\ RNA\ (total\ 2\ \mu g\ RNA)\ in\ the\ left\ and\ right\ hindlimbs\ of\ mice. Then$ 

Downwarand 24 hours after administration using Xenogen IVIS Spectrum in vivo, 6 and 24 hours and 2,

By measuring it on 3, 6 and 9 days, it is recommended with time with the same individual of luciferase protein

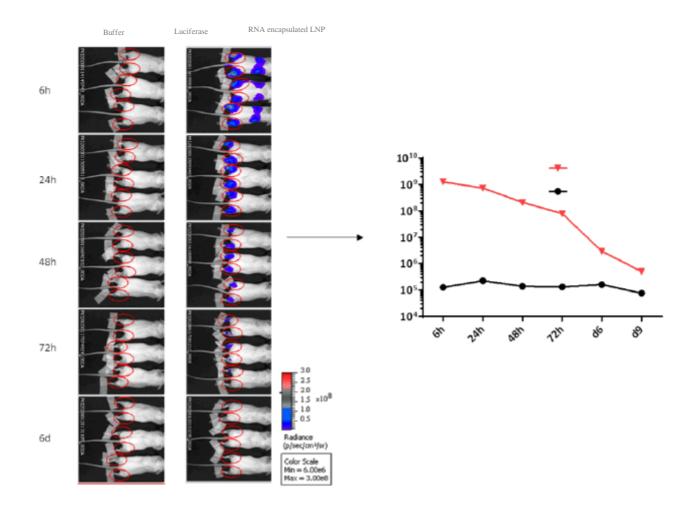
I was evaluated. As a result, expression at the site of administration of luciferase is administered Recognized from 6 hours,

After disappeared on the 9th.Liver expression was also from 6 hours after administration, and disappeared by 48 hours after administration I was.Distribution to the liver is a luciferase where topically administration to the RNA encapsulated LNP reaches circulating blood and liver It was considered to indicate that it was incorporated in the needs detailed in M2.6.4.3, rats are

Laze When RNA encapsulated LNP is administered intravenously, the liver is the main of ALC-0315 and ALC-0159

It is suggested that it is a distributed organ, this is the finding of the test results that were intramuscularly administered to mice The mixture was.In addition, a toxic finding finding of liver disorder is recognized in rat repeated dose toxicity test Absent(M2.6.6.3).

Figure 2 Luciferase RNA encapsulated LNP in vivo luminescence in BALB / C mice administered intramuscularly



male a Missen Han rats, LNP labeled with [3H] -colesteryl hexadecyl ether ([3H] -CHE)

Luciferase using The RNA encapsulated LNP is intramuscularly administered at a dose of 50  $\mu$ g RNA and 15 minutes after administration Atmos place plasma and tissues from 3 males and 3 males at each time of 1, 2, 4, 8, 24 and 48 hours

By measuring the radioactivity concentration by liquid scintillation counting method

Review the vivo distribution of LNP

It was reported. Both male and female, the radioactivity concentration was the highest dosing site at any measurement.

After administration of radioactivity concentrations shown for 1 to 4 hours. In addition, liver, spleen, adrenal and

Distribution to the ovary was observed, and after administration that the radioactivity was the highest in these tissues

8 to 48

It was time. Total radiation recovery rate for doses other than the site of administration is the highest in the liver (maximum spleen)

1.0% or less), adrenal (less than 0.11%) and ovary (0.095% or less) significantly lower than the liver

won. In addition, the average concentration and tissue distribution pattern of radioactivity were roughly similar to male and female.

It is believed that the in vivo expression distribution of the antigen encoded by BNT162B2 depends on the LNP distribution. For this test

Luciferase Is the lipid configuration of RNA encapsulated LNP be identical to the application formulation of BNT162B2

The results of this test It is believed that the distribution of BNT162B2 encapsulated LNP is shown.

2.0.4 Overview of Final indeconnected 1650

#### 5. Metabolism

Report number: 01049-0 49-01049-020, 049-021,01049-02, 049-021,01049-02, 043725, Overview Table: 2.6.5.10a, 2.6.5.10b, 2.6.5.10c, 2.6.5.10d

CD-1 / ICR mouse, Wistar Han or Sprague Dawley rats, cynomolgus monkeys and humans

Chrome, liver In vitro metabolic stability of ALC-0315 and ALC-0159 using S9 fractions and hepatocytes

The sex was evaluated LC-0315 or ALC-0159 for each animal species Microsomer or liver S9 fraction (120)

Intercarding incubation) or hepatocytes ( Add to 240 minutes incubation)

The proportion of unconstructed unaccurations after bath was measured.restlefig 31,5 and ALC-0159

It is metabolically stable in animal species and test systems, and the ultimate percentage of under the 1882%.

further Metabolic pathways of ALC-0315 and ALC-0159 were evaluated in vitro and in vivo.this

In the test, CD-1 mouse, Wistar Han rats, cynomolgus monkey and human blood, liver S9 fraction

And using hepatocytes IN Vitro metabolism was evaluated. In addition, plasma, urine, feces collected in rat PK test

And liver samples, IN VIVO metabolism was evaluated (M2.6.4.3). From the test results, ALC-0315

Whenetabolism of ALC-0159 is all slowly slow, and hydrolysis of ester bonds and amide bonds, respectively

It became clear that it is metabolized by.

Metabolism by hydrolysis shown in Figure 3 and Figure 4

Was found in all animal species evaluated.

Figure 3 Estimated in vivo metabolic pathway of ALC-0315 in various animal species

H: Human, MK: Monkey, MO: Mouse, R: Rat

ALC-0315 is metabolized by receiving ester hydrolysis twice in succession. This two hydrolysis

By first, monoester metabolites ( M / Z 528), then a dual-dose esterification metabolite (M / z 290) is formed

It is done. This double-dose esterification metabolite is further metabolized and glucuronic acid conjugate (M / Z 466)

However, this glucuronic acid conjugate is rats

PK test was only detected in urine. In addition, two hydrolysis

Any acidic product of 
It was also confirmed that 6-hexyl decanoic acid (m / z 255).

Figure 4 Estimated in vivo metabolism pathway of ALC-0159 in various animal species

H: Human, MK: Monkey, MO: Mouse, R: Rat

ALC-0159 produces N, N-ditetradecylamine (M / Z 410) by hydrolysis of amide bonds

The pathway was the main metabolic pathway. This metabolite is blood and mice rats of mouse rats.

It was not confirmed.

#### 6. Excretion

Luciferase PK test with intravenous administered intravenously to rats at a dose of 1 mg RNA / kg of RNA encapsulated LNP (M2.6.4.3, ALC-0315 and ALC-0159 in urine and feces collected over time were measured.

None of the unchangeable bodies of ALC-0315 and ALC-0159 were not detected in urine. On the other hand, in the feces ALC-0315 and ALC-0159 unchanged substances are detected, and the percentage per dose is about 1% and about was 50%. Also, as shown in Figure 3, the metabolites of ALC-0315 were detected in urine.

#### 7. Pharmacokinetic drug interaction

The pharmacokinetic drug interaction test of this vaccine has not been conducted.

## 8. Other pharmacokinetic tests

Other pharmacokinetic tests of this vaccine have not been conducted.

#### 9. Consideration and conclusion

Rats In the PK test, the concentration of ALC-0315 in plasma and liver is the highest concentration for 2 weeks after administration.

Every Decreased to 1/7000 and about 1/2-sq, and the ALC-0159 concentration is about 8000 minutes, respectively.

And about decreased to one of 250 minutes.T-13 is the same in plasma and liver, ALC-0315, he is 6 to 8 days,

ALC-0159 was 2-3 days. Plasma T-13 values are distributed in tissues as LNP, each lipid.

It is then considered to indicate that it has been redistributed in plasma during the disappearance process.

Although the unchangeable body of ALC-0315 was hardly detected in any of urine and feces, rat PK test

Monomeric metabolites and dual esterification metabolites from feces and plasma samples collected

6-Hexy

Radecanoic acid detected glucuronic acid conjugate of dual-dose-esterified metabolites from urine. This metabolism

 $P_{rocess}$  Although it is considered as the main loss mechanism of ALC-0315, quantitative data to verify this hypothesis is obtained

Absent.on the other land 59 was excreted in feces as an unchangeable body of dose. In vitro metabolic experiment

In the hydrolysis of the amide bond, it was slowly metabolized.

Because the in-vivo expression distribution of the antigen encoded by BNT162B2 is considered to depend on the LNP distribution,

BALB / C mice are intramuscularly administered luciferase RNA encapsulated LNP and alternative reporter protein

In-vivo distribution was examined. As a result, expression of luciferase is found at the site of administration,

The expression level was also observed in the liver but was also observed. Expression at the site of administration of luciferase was observed from 6 hours after administration and disappeared on 9 days after administration. The expression in the liver is observed from 6 hours after administration.

After divisappeared by 48 hours. Distribution to the liver is a circular luciferase RNA encapsulated LNP

It was considered to indicate that it was reached and taken up in the liver. Also, Lucifer in rats

ZeroWhen the radiolabel of RNA encapsulated LNP was administered intramuscularly, the radioactivity concentration is the highest value at the dosing site.

Indicated.Other than the site of administration, the liver was the highest and then detected in the spleen, adrenal and ovaries,

Total radioactivity recovery for dosages in these tissues was significantly lower than the liver. This result is

In-mouse biological distribution tests were encoded by luciferase expression in liver. In addition,

M2.6.6.3). No toxic findings were observed showing liver injury in rat repeated dose toxicity tests (

From the above non-clinical pharmacokinetic evaluation, the circulating by Bowas beauthed be distributed in the liver.

Metabolism and feces excretion is involved in the disappearance of ALC-0315 and ALC-0159, respectively. Also,

It was suggested.

10. Charts

The chart is shown in the text and outline table.

#### references

- World Health Organization. Annex 1. Guidelines on the nonclinical evaluation of vaccines. In: WHO Technical Report Series No. 927, Geneva, Switzerland. World Health Organization; 2005:31-63.
- Non-clinical trial guidelines for infection prevention vaccine 1, May 27, 2010)

(Medicine dike examination

Test Article: BNT162b2

# 2.6.5.1. PHARMACOKINETICS OVERVIEW

Type of Study	Test System	Test item	Method of Administration	Testing Facility	Report Number		
Single Dose Pharmacokinetics							
Single Dose Pharmacokinetics and Excretion in Urine and Feces of ALC-0159 and ALC-0315	Rat (Wistar Han)	modRNA encoding luciferase formulated in LNP comparable to BNT162b2	IV bolus	Pfizer yet	PF-07302048_06072424		
Distribution							
In Vivo Distribution	Mice BALB/c	modRNA encoding luciferase formulated in LNP comparable to BNT162b2	IM Injection	b	R- <mark>-00</mark> 72		
In Vivo Distribution	Rat (Wistar Han)	modRNA encoding luciferase formulated in LNP comparable to BNT162b2 with trace amounts of [3H]-CHE as non- diffusible label	IM Injection	c	185350		
Metabolism In Vitro and							
In Vivo Metabolism							
In Vitro Metabolic Stability of ALC-0315 in Liver Microsomes	Mouse (CD-1/ICR), rat (Sprague Dawley and Wistar Han), monkey (Cynomolgus), and	ALC-0315.	In vitro	đ	01049-008		
In Vitro Metabolic Stability	human liver microsomes Mouse (CD-1/ICR), rat	ALC-0315.	In vitro		01049-009		
of ALC-0315 in Liver S9	(Sprague Dawley),				-		
	monkey (Cynomolgus), and human S9 liver fractions			d			

Test Article: BNT162b2

# 2.6.5.1. PHARMACOKINETICS OVERVIEW

		Administration		-
Mouse (CD-1/ICR), rat (Sprague Dawley and Wistar Han), monkey (Cynomolgus), and human hepatocytes	ALC-0315.	In vitro	đ	01049-0
Mouse (CD-1/ICR), rat (Sprague Dawley and Wistar Han), monkey (Cynomolgus), and	ALC-0159.	In vitro	d	01049-0
human liver microsomes Mouse (CD-1/ICR), rat (Sprague Dawley), monkey (Cynomolgus).	ALC-0159.	In vitro		01049-0
monkey (Cynoniolgus), and human S9 fractions Mouse (CD-1/ICR), rat (Sprague Dawley and Wistar Han), monkey (Cynomolgus), and human hepatocytes	ALC-0159.	In vitro	d d	01049-0
In vitro: CD-1 mouse, Wistar Han rat, cynomolgus monkey, and human blood, liver S9 fractions and hepatocytes In vivo: male Wistar Han	ALC-0315 and ALC-0159	In vitro or IV (in vivo in rats)	Pfizer thin	PF-07302048_05043725
	Wistar Han), monkey (Cynomolgus), and human hepatocytes  Mouse (CD-1/ICR), rat (Sprague Dawley and Wistar Han), monkey (Cynomolgus), and human liver microsomes Mouse (CD-1/ICR), rat (Sprague Dawley), monkey (Cynomolgus), and human S9 fractions Mouse (CD-1/ICR), rat (Sprague Dawley and Wistar Han), monkey (Cynomolgus), and human hepatocytes  In vitro: CD-1 mouse, Wistar Han rat, cynomolgus monkey, and human blood, liver S9 fractions and hepatocytes	Wistar Han), monkey (Cynomolgus), and human hepatocytes  Mouse (CD-1/ICR), rat (Sprague Dawley and Wistar Han), monkey (Cynomolgus), and human liver microsomes Mouse (CD-1/ICR), rat (Sprague Dawley), monkey (Cynomolgus), and human S9 fractions Mouse (CD-1/ICR), rat (Sprague Dawley and Wistar Han), monkey (Cynomolgus), and human hepatocytes  In vitro:  In vitro:  ALC-0159.  ALC-0159.  ALC-0159.  ALC-0159.  ALC-0159.  ALC-0159.	Wistar Han), monkey (Cynomolgus), and human hepatocytes  Mouse (CD-1/ICR), rat (Sprague Dawley and Wistar Han), monkey (Cynomolgus), and human liver microsomes Mouse (CD-1/ICR), rat (Sprague Dawley), monkey (Cynomolgus), and human S9 fractions Mouse (CD-1/ICR), rat (Sprague Dawley and Wistar Han), monkey (Cynomolgus), and human hepatocytes  In vitro:  ALC-0159.  In vitro  Sprague Dawley and Wistar Han), monkey (Cynomolgus), and human hepatocytes  In vitro:  ALC-0315 and ALC-0159  In vitro or  TV (in vivo in rats)  rats)	Wistar Han), monkey (Cynomolgus), and human hepatocytes  Mouse (CD-1/ICR), rat (Sprague Dawley and Wistar Han), monkey (Cynomolgus), and human liver microsomes Mouse (CD-1/ICR), rat (Sprague Dawley), monkey (Cynomolgus), and human S9 fractions Mouse (CD-1/ICR), rat (Sprague Dawley and Wistar Han), monkey (Cynomolgus), and human hepatocytes  In vitro:  ALC-0159. In vitro  Sprague Dawley and Wistar Han), monkey (Cynomolgus), and human hepatocytes  In vitro:  ALC-0159 IV (in vivo in rats)  Pfizer thin  Pfizer thin  Pfizer thin  Iv (in vivo in rats)

#### 2.6.5.1. PHARMACOKINETICS OVERVIEW

Test Article: BNT162b2

Type of Study	Test System	Test item	Method of	Testing Facility	Report Number
			Administration		

ALC-0159 = 2-[(polyethylene glycol)-2000]-N,N-ditetradecylacetamide), a proprietary polyethylene glycol-lipid included as an excipient in the LNP formulation used in BNT162b2; ALC-0315 = (4-hydroxybutyl)azanediyl)bis(hexane-6,1-diyl)bis(2-hexyldecanoate), a proprietary aminolipid included as an excipient in the LNP formulation used in BNT162b2; IM = Intramuscular; IV = Intravenous; LNP = lipid nanoparticles; S9 = Supernatant fraction obtained from liver homogenate by centrifuging at 9000

g. a. La Jolla, California.

b. , Germany.

Ch connecticut.

# 2.6.5.3. PHARMACOKINETICS: PHARMACOKINETICS AFTER A SINGLE DOSE

Test Article: modRNA encoding luciferase in LNP Report

Number: PF-07302048\_06 \_072424

Rat (Wis	star Han)		
Male/ 3 animals	per timepointa		
Fasted			
•	IV		
	1		
1	.96		
1	5.3		
Plasma, liver, u	rine and feces		
Predose, 0.1, 0.25, 0.5, 1, 3, 6, 24, 48, 96, 192, 336			
ALC-0315.	ALC-0159.		
Meanb	Meanb		
1030	99.2		
1020	98.6		
1.62	1.74		
139	72.7		
139 59.5	72.7 20.3		
	Male/ 3 animals Fa  1 Plasma, liver, u Predose, 0.1, 0.25, 0.5, 1, 3 ALC-0315.  Meanb 1030 1020	IV 1 1.96 15.3 Plasma, liver, urine and feces Predose, 0.1, 0.25, 0.5, 1, 3, 6, 24, 48, 96, 192, 336 ALC-0315.  Meanb Meanb 1030 99.2 1020 98.6	

ALC-0159 = 2-[(polyethylene glycol)-2000]-N,N-ditetradecylacetamide), a proprietary polyethylene glycol-lipid included as an excipient in the LNP formulation used in BNT162b2; ALC-0315 = (4-hydroxybutyl)azanediyl)bis(hexane-6,1-diyl)bis(2-hexyldecanoate), a proprietary aminolipid included as an excipient in the LNP formulation used in BNT162b2; AUCinf = Area under the plasma drug concentration-time curve from 0 to infinite time; AUClast = Area under the plasma drug concentration-time curve from 0 to the last quantifiable time point; BLQ = Below the limit of quantitation; LNP = Lipid nanoparticle; modRNA = Nucleoside modified messenger RNA; PK = Pharmacokinetics; t½ = Half-life.

- a. Non-serial sampling, 36 animals total.
- b. Only mean PK parameters are reported due to non-serial sampling.
- c. Calculated using the terminal log-linear phase (determined using 48, 96, 192, and 336 h for regression calculation).
- d. ln(2)/initial elimination rate constant (determined using 1, 3, and 6 h for regression calculation).
- e. ln(2)/terminal elimination rate constant (determined using 48, 96, 192, and 336 h for regression calculation).
- f. Calculated as follows: highest mean amount in the liver (µg)/total mean dose (µg) of ALC-0315 or

ALC-0159. g. Not calculated due to

BLQ data. h. Fecal excretion, calculated as: (mean µg of analyte in feces/ mean µg of analyte administered) × 100

#### 2.6.5.5A. PHARMACOKINETICS: ORGAN DISTRIBUTION

Test Article: modRNA encoding luciferase in LNP Report Number: R- -0072

Below detectiona

Below detectiona

Species (Strain):		Mice (BALB/c)						
Sex/Number of Animals:		Female/3 per group						
Feeding Condition:	Fed adlibitum							
Vehicle/Formulation:	Phosphate-buffered saline							
Method of Administration:		Intramuscular injection						
Dose (mg/kg):	1	μg/hind leg in gastrocnemius muscle (2 μg total)						
Number of Doses:		1						
Detection:		Bioluminescence measurement						
C(1)	ne (hour): 6, 24, 48, 72 hours; 6 and 9 days post-injection							
Sampling Time (hour):		o, 24, 48, 72 hours; o and 9 days post-injection						
Time point	Total Mean Bioluminesce	nce signal (photons/second)	Mean Bioluminescence signal in the liver (photons/second)					
	Total Mean Bioluminesce Buffer control	• • •						
		nce signal (photons/second)	(photons/second)					
Time point	Buffer control	modRNALuciferase in LNP	(photons/second) modRNALuciferase in LNP					
Time point  6 hours	Buffer control  1.28 x 105	modRNALuciferase in LNP  1.26 × 10 9	(photons/second)  modRNALuciferase in LNP  4.94 × 107					

 $2.92 \times 106$ 

5.09 x 105

LNP = Lipid nanoparticle; modRNA = Nucleoside modified messenger RNA. a. At or below the background level of the buffer control.

 $1.62 \times 105$ 

 $7.66 \times 104$ 

6 days

9 days

#### 2.6.5.5B. PHARMACOKINETICS: ORGAN DISTRIBUTION CONTINUED

Test Article: [3H]-Labelled LNP-mRNA formulation containing ALC-0315 and ALC-0159

Report Number: 185350

Species (Strain): Rat (Wistar Han)

Sex/Number of Animals: Male and female/3 animals/sex/timepoint (21 animals/sex total for the 50 µg dose)

Feeding Condition: Fed adlibitum

Method of Administration: Intramuscular injection

Please:  $50 \mu g [3H]-08-A01-C0 (lot # NC-0552-1)$ 

Number of Doses:

Detection: Radioactivity quantitation using liquid scintillation counting

Sampling Time (hour): 0.25, 1, 2, 4, 8, 24, and 48 hours post-injection

Sample	Mean total lipid concentration (μg lipid equivalent/g (or mL) (males and females combined)							% of administered dose (males and females combined)						
	0.25 h	1 h	2 h	4 h	8 h	24 h	48 h	0.25 h	1 h	2 h	4 h	8 h	24 h	48 h
Adipose tissue	0.057	0.100	0.126	0.128	0.093	0.084	0.181	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adrenal glands	0.271	1.48	2.72	2.89	6.80	13.8	18.2	0.001	0.007	0.010	0.015	0.035	0.066	0.106
Bladder	0.041	0.130	0.146	0.167	0.148	0.247	0.365	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002
Bone (femur)	0.091	0.195	0.266	0.276	0.340	0.342	0.687	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bone marrow (femur)	0.479	0.960	1.24	1.24	1.84	2.49	3.77	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brain	0.045	0.100	0.138	0.115	0.073	0.069	0.068	0.007	0.013	0.020	0.016	0.011	0.010	0.009
Eyes	0.010	0.035	0.052	0.067	0.059	0.091	0.112	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.003
Heart	0.282	1.03	1.40	0.987	0.790	0.451	0.546	0.018	0.056	0.084	0.060	0.042	0.027	0.030
Injection site	128	394	311	338	213	195	165	19.9	52.6	31.6	28.4	21.9	29.1	24.6
Kidneys	0.391	1.16	2.05	0.924	0.590	0.426	0.425	0.050	0.124	0.211	0.109	0.075	0.054	0.057
Large intestine	0.013	0.048	0.093	0.287	0.649	1.10	1.34	0.008	0.025	0.065	0.192	0.405	0.692	0.762
Liver	0.737	4.63	11.0	16.5	26.5	19.2	24.3	0.602	2.87	7.33	11.9	18.1	15.4	16.2
Lung	0.492	1.21	1.83	1.50	1.15	1.04	1.09	0.052	0.101	0.178	0.169	0.122	0.101	0.101

The Highest concentrations in Adrenals and Liver- may explain numerous abnormal liver function tests and intermittent spiking blood pressures

# 2.6.5.5B. PHARMACOKINETICS: ORGAN DISTRIBUTION CONTINUED

Test Article: [3H]-Labelled LNP-mRNA formulation containing

ALC-0315 and ALC-0159 Report Number: 185350

Sample		Lipid concer males comb		ration (µg lipid equivalent/g [or mL]) (males % of Administered Dose (males and females combinated)					ined)					
	0.25 h	1 h	2 h	4 h	8 h	24 h	48 h	0.25 h	1 h	2 h	4 h	8 h	24 h	48 h
Lymph (mandibular)	0.064	0.189	0.290	0.408	0.534	0.554	0.727	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lymph node (mesenteric)	0.050	0.146	0.530	0.489	0.689	0.985	1.37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Muscle	0.021	0.061	0.084	0.103	0.096	0.095	0.192	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ovaries	0.104	1.34	1.64	2.34	3.09	5.24	12.3	0.001	0.009	0.008	0.016	0.025	0.037	0.095
(females)														
Pancreas	0.081	0.207	0.414	0.380	0.294	0.358	0.599	0.003	0.007	0.014	0.015	0.015	0.011	0.019
Pituitary gland	0.339	0.645	0.868	0.854	0.405	0.478	0.694	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.001
Prostate (males)	0.061	0.091	0.128	0.157	0.150	0.183	0.170	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.003
Salivary glands	0.084	0.193	0.255	0.220	0.135	0.170	0.264	0.003	0.007	0.008	0.008	0.005	0.006	0.009
Skin	0.013	0.208	0.159	0.145	0.119	0.157	0.253	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Small intestine	0.030	0.221	0.476	0.879	1.28	1.30	1.47	0.024	0.130	0.319	0.543	0.776	0.906	0.835
Spinal cord	0.043	0.097	0.169	0.250	0.106	0.085	0.112	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.001	0.001	0.001
Spleen	0.334	2.47	7.73	10.3	22.1	20.1	23.4	0.013	0.093	0.325	0.385	0.982	0.821	1.03
Stomach	0.017	0.065	0.115	0.144	0.268	0.152	0.215	0.006	0.019	0.034	0.030	0.040	0.037	0.039
Tests (Males)	0.031	0.042	0.079	0.129	0.146	0.304	0.320	0.007	0.010	0.017	0.030	0.034	0.074	0.074
Thymus	0.088	0.243	0.340	0.335	0.196	0.207	0.331	0.004	0.007	0.010	0.012	0.008	0.007	0.008
Thyroid	0.155	0.536	0.842	0.851	0.544	0.578	1.00	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001
Uterus (females)	0.043	0.203	0.305	0.140	0.287	0.289	0.456	0.002	0.011	0.015	0.008	0.016	0.018	0.022
Whole blood	1.97	4.37	5.40	3.05	1.31	0.909	0.420	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plasma	3.97	8.13	8.90	6.50	2.36	1.78	0.805	_	_	-	_	-	_	-
Blood: plasma ratio		0.515	0.550	0.510	0.555	0.530	0.540	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

WE Were told the mRNA stayed in the muscle- clearly crosses the blood-brain barrier, with highest concentration in OVARIES = menstrual irregularities and infertility risk

2.6.5.5B. PHARMACOKINETICS: ORGAN DISTRIBUTION CONTINUED

Test Article: [3H]-Labelled LNP-mRNA formulation containing

ALC-0315 and ALC-0159 Report

Number: 185350

<sup>-- =</sup> Not applicable, partial tissue taken; [3H]-08-A01-C0 = An aqueous dispersion of LNPs, including ALC-0315, ALC-0159, distearoylphosphatidylcholine, cholesterol, mRNA encoding luciferase and trace amounts of radiolabeled [Cholesteryl-1,2-3H(N)]-Cholesteryl Hexadecyl Ether, a nonexchangeable, non-metabolizable lipid marker used to monitor the disposition of the LNPs; ALC-0159 = 2-[(polyethylene glycol)-2000]-N,N--ditetradecylacetamide), a proprietary polyethylene glycol-lipid included as an excipient in the LNP formulation used in BNT162b2; ALC-0315 = (4--hydroxybutyl)azanediyl)bis(hexane-6,1-diyl)bis(2-hexyldecanoate), a proprietary aminolipid included as an excipient in the LNP formulation used in BNT162b2; LNP = Lipid nanoparticle; mRNA = messenger RNA.

a. The mean male and female blood:plasma values were first calculated separately and this value represents the mean of the two values.

#### 2.6.5.9. PHARMACOKINETICS: METABOLISM IN VIVO, RAT

Test Article: modRNA encoding luciferase in LNP Report

Number: PF-07302048\_05 \_043725

Species (Strain):

Sex/ Number of animals

Method of Administration:

Dose (mg/kg):

Test System: Analysis Method: Rat (Wistar Han)

Male/ 36 animals total for plasma and liver, 3 animals for urine and feces

Intravenous

1

Plasma, Urine, Feces, Liver

Ultrahigh performance liquid chromatography/ mass spectrometry

			muner inquia em emuregrup	•	
Biotransformation	m/z		Metabolites of ALC	-0315 Detected	
		Plasma	Urine	Feces	Liver
N-dealkylation, oxidation	102.0561a	ND	ND	ND	ND
N-Dealkylation, oxidation	104.0706 b	ND	ND	ND	ND
N-dealkylation, oxidation	130.0874	ND	ND	ND	ND
N-Dealkylation, oxidation	132.1019b	ND	ND	ND	ND
N-dealkylation, hydrolysis, oxidation	145.0506a	ND	ND	ND	ND
Hydrolysis (acid)	Brother .2330	+	ND	ND	ND
Hydrolysis, hydroxylation	271. Investing	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bis-Hydrolysis (Amine)	290.2690 b	+	+	+	+
Hydrolysis, glucuronidation	431.2650a	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bis-hydrolysis (amines), glucuronidation	464.2865a	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bis-hydrolysis (amines), glucuronidation	466.3011b	ND	+	ND	ND
Hydrolysis (amine)	528.4986 b	+	ND	ND	+
Hydrolysis (amine), Glucuronidation	704.5307 b	ND	ND	ND	ND
Otachi and Ashi D	778.6930a	ND	ND	ND	ND
Otachi and Ashi D	780.7076 b	ND	ND	ND	ND
Hydroxylation	Achieve.	ND	ND	ND	ND
Sulfation	844.6706	ND	ND	ND	ND
Sulfation	846.6851b	ND	ND	ND	ND
Glucuronidation	940.7458	ND	ND	ND	ND
Glucuronidation	942.7604 b	ND	ND	ND	ND

Note: Both theoretical and observed metabolites are included.

m/z = mass to charge ratio; ND = Not detected; + = minor metabolite as assessed by ultraviolet detection.

a. Negative ion mode.

b. Positive ion mode.

#### 2.6.5.10A. PHARMACOKINETICS: METABOLISM IN VITRO

Test article: alc-0315

Report Numbers: 01049-008

01049-00 01049-01

Type of Study: Stability of ALC-0315 In Vitro Study System: Liver Microsomes + NADPH S9 Fraction + NADPH, UDPGA, and Hepatocytes alamethicin ALC-0315 1 μM 1 µM 1 μM Concentration: Duration of 120 min 120 min 240 min Incubation (min):

Analysis Method: Ultra-high performance liquid chromatography-tandem mass spectrometry

Incubation time (min	)	Percent ALC-0315 remaining												
		L	iver Micros	omes			Liver Sa	id Frazy		Hepatocytes				
	Mouse (				ouse (CD-1	ouse (CD-1 / RAR)SD) Monkey (Cyno)Human M			ouse (CD-1		Rat	Monkey (	<b>Clyho</b> nan	
		(SD)	(WH)								(SD)	(WH)		
	1/ICR)													
0	100.001	00.00100.0	00100.0010	0.00100.001	00.00100.001	00.00100.0	00100.00 100	0.00100.0010	00.00 100.00	100.00100.	00			
15	98.77	94.39	96.34	97.96	100.24	97.69	98.85	99.57	95.99	-	-	-	-	-
30	97.78	96.26	97.32	96.18	99.76	97.22	99.62	96.96	97.32	101.15	97.751	02.7096.36	5100.72	
60	100.49	99.73	98.54	100.00	101.45	98.61	99.62	99.13	94.98	100.77	98.501	02.329.821	101.44	
90	97.78	98.66	94.15	97.96	100.48	98.15	98.85	98.70	98.33	101.92	99.251	03.09100.0	0100.36	
120	96.54	95.99	93.66	97.71	98.31	96.76	98.46	99.57	99.33	98.85	97.38	99.61	96.36	100.72
180	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	101.15	98.881	03.4795.64	498.92	
240	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99.62	101.12	100.00	93.82	99.64
t½ (min)	> 120	> 120	> 120	> 120	> 120	> 120	> 120	> 120	> 120	> 240	> 240	> 240	> 240	> 240

<sup>-- =</sup> Data not available; ALC-0315 = (4-hydroxybutyl)azanediyl)bis(hexane-6,1-diyl)bis(2-hexyldecanoate), a proprietary aminolipid included as an excipient in the lipid nanoparticle formulation used in BNT162b2; Cyno = Cynomolgus; NADPH = Reduced form of nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate; NC = not calculated; SD = Sprague Dawley; t½ = half-life; WH = Wistar-Han; UDPGA= uridine-diphosphate-glucuronic acid trisodium salt.

# 2.6.5.10B. PHARMACOKINETICS: METABOLISM IN VITRO CONTINUED

Test article: alc-0159

Report Numbers: 01049- 020 01049

01049-02

Type of Study: Stability of ALC-0159 In Vitro Study System: S9 Fraction + NADPH, UDPGA, and Liver Microsomes + NADPH Hepatocytes alamethicin ALC-0159 1 µM 1 µM 1 µM Concentration: 120 min 120 min Duration of 240 min Incubation (min):

Analysis Method: Ultra-high performance liquid chromatography-tandem mass spectrometry

Analysis Method.		Otta-nigh performance inquid chromatography-tandem mass spectromeny												
Incubation time (min)						Percei	nt ALC-015	9 remaining						
		Liv	er Microso	mes		Liver Said Frazy			Hepatocytes					
	Mouse (	CD-Rat	Rat	Monkey (	Cy <b>Ho)</b> man M	Iouse (CD-1/	(ICA)(SD)	Monkey (Cyr	no)Human M	ouse (CD-1	/ IR'aR)	Rat	Monkey (	Clyhon)nan
		(SD)	(WH)								(SD)	(WH)		
	1/ICR)													
0	100.0010	00.00100.0	0100.00100	0.00100.001	00.00100.0	\$100.00100.0	0100.00 100	0.00100.0010	00.00 100.00	100.00100.	.00			
15	82.27	101.24	112.11	100.83	99.59	98.93	84.38	91.30	106.73		-	-	-	-
30	86.40	93.78	102.69	85.12	92.28	91.10	90.87	97.96	107.60	100.85	93.3711	3.0490.23	3106.34	
60	85.54	98.34	105.38	86.36	95.53	102.85	97.97	105.56	104.97	94.92	91.8110	5.0792.93	3101.58	
90	85.41	95.44	100.90	94.63	97.97	90.75	93.51	108.33	109.36	94.28	90.2511	2.8094.59	992.67	
120	95.87	97.10	108.97	93.39	93.09	106.76	92.70	105.74	119.59	87.08	89.4710	4.1197.51	96.04	
180	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	94.92	93.9610	2.9089.81	193.66	
240	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	102.75	94.93	98.79	92.93	102.57
t½ (min)	> 120	> 120	> 120	> 120	> 120	> 120	> 120	> 120	> 120	> 240	> 240	> 240	> 240	> 240

<sup>-- =</sup> Data not available; ALC-0159 = 2-[(polyethylene glycol)-2000]-N,N-ditetradecylacetamide), a proprietary polyethylene glycol-lipid included as an excipient in the lipid nanoparticle formulation used in BNT162b2; Cyno = Cynomolgus; NADPH = Reduced form of nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate; NC = not calculated; SD = Sprague Dawley; WH = Wistar-Han; UDPGA= uridine-diphosphate-glucuronic acid trisodium salt.

#### 2.6.5.10C. PHARMACOKINETICS: METABOLISM IN VITRO CONTINUED

Test article: alc-0315

Report Number: OF-07302048\_05

\_043725

Type of study			Metabolism of ALC-0315 In Vitro	
Study system		Blood	Hepatocytes	Liver Said Frazy
ALC-0315 concentration		10 μΜ	10 μM	10 μΜ
Duration of incubation		24 h	4 h	24 h
Analysis Method:		Ultrahigh po	erformance liquid chromatography/ mass spe	ectrometry
Biotransformation	m/z	Blood	Hepatocytes	Liver Said Frazy
		Mouse Rat Monkey Human Mouse	RatMonkey Human MouseRa	tMonkey Human

Biotransformation	m/z	Blood			Hepatocytes			Liver Said Frazy					
		Mouse I	Rat Monk	ey Huma	Mouse		RatMonkey Human MouseRa		atMonkey Human				
N-dealkylation, oxidation	102.0561a	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
N-Dealkylation, oxidation	104.0706 b	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
N-dealkylation, oxidation	130.0874	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
N-Dealkylation, oxidation	132.1019b	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
N-dealkylation, hydrolysis, oxidation	145.0506a	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Hydrolysis (acid)	Brother .2330	+	+	ND	ND	+	+	+	+	+	+	ND	+
Hydrolysis, hydroxylation	271. Investing	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bis-Hydrolysis (Amine)	290.2690 b	+	+	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	+	ND
Hydrolysis, glucuronidation	431.2650a	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bis-hydrolysis (amines), glucuronidation	464.2865a	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bis-hydrolysis (amines), glucuronidation	466.3011b	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Hydrolysis (amine)	528.4986 b	ND	+	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	+	ND
Hydrolysis (amine), glucuronidation	704.5307 b	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Otachi and Ashi D	778.6930a	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Otachi and Ashi D	780.7076 b	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Hydroxylation	Achieve.	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Sulfation	844.6706	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Sulfation	846.6851b	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Glucuronidation	940.7458	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Glucuronidation	942.7604 b	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND

Note: Both theoretical and observed metabolites are included.

m/z = mass to charge ratio; ND = Not detected; + = metabolite present.
a. Negative ion mode.
b. Positive ion mode.

#### 2.6.5.10D. PHARMACOKINETICS: METABOLISM IN VITRO CONTINUED

Test article: alc-0159

Report Number: OF-07302048\_05

\_043725

Type of study						Metab	olism of A	LC-0159 In	Vitro				
Study system			Bl	ood		Hepatocytes			Liver Said Frazy				
ALC-0159 concentration			10	μM			10	μM		10 μΜ			
Duration of incubation		24 h				4	h		24 h				
Analysis Method:				ι	Ultrahigh pe	erformance	liquid chr	omatograph	y/ mass spe	ectrometi	î <b>y</b>		
Biotransformation	m/z		Bl	lood			Hepat	ocytes			Liver Sa	id Frazy	
		Mouse I	Rat Mon	key Huma	n Mouse R	at Monkey	Human M	ouseRatMo	nkey Huma	n			
Oh, it's THY ACON, LKY	107.0703 b	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Oh, it's THY ACON, LKY	151.0965b	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Oh, it's THY ACON, LKY	195.1227 b	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Hydrolysis, N-Dealkylation	214. Stere	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
N-Dealkylation, oxidation	227.2017	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Hydrolysis (amine)	410.4720b	+	+	ND	ND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
N, Lky	531.5849 b	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
N-Dealkylation	580. Step	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Oh, THY AICO, OY	629. Greatne	ss ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Hydroxylation	633.6931 b	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
ω-Hydroxylation, Oxidation	637.1880b	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Hydrolysis (acid)	708.7721 b	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND

Note: Both theoretical and observed metabolites are included.

m/z = mass to charge ratio; ND = Not detected; + = metabolite present.

a. Negative ion mode.

b. Positive ion mode.

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

**Condition: Primary Diagnosis** 

Gender: All Race: All

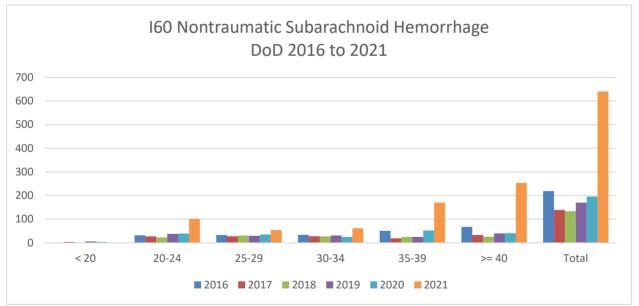
Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

Location: ALL LOCATIONS

Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
< 20	1	4	2	6	4	0
20-24	32	27	23	38	39	101
25-29	33	28	31	30	35	54
30-34	34	28	27	31	25	62
35-39	51	19	25	25	52	170
>= 40	68	33	26	40	41	253
Total	219	139	134	170	196	640



Population	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	89,960.22	97,211.06	101,742.92	103,979.52	99,700.77
20-24	407,896.25	408,673.02	416,571.93	423,448.74	426,856.25
25-29	301,023.73	295,861.48	298,208.35	303,986.22	307,502.33
30-34	210,243.28	206,598.27	205,040.00	206,150.65	209,127.84

35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87	
>= 40	132,655.89	127,672.92	124,588.75	124,232.43	126,871.55	
Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61	
Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
< 20	0.01	0.04	0.02	0.06	0.04	
20-24	0.08	0.07	0.06	0.09	0.09	
25-29	0.11	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.11	
30-34	0.16	0.14	0.13	0.15	0.12	
35-39	0.35	0.13	0.17	0.16	0.33	
>= 40	0.51	0.26	0.21	0.32	0.32	
Total	0.17	0.11	0.10	0.13	0.15	

Source: DMSS 1/19/2022

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

160 Nontraumatic subarachnoid hemorrhage

<sup>\*</sup> Selected Diagnoses:

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

Condition: Primary Diagnosis

Gender: All Race: All

Marital Status: All

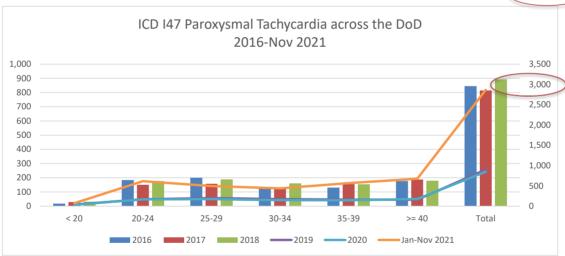
Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

Location: ALL LOCATIONS

#### ICD I47 Paroxysmal tachycardia

Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Jan-Nov 2021
< 20	18	29	32	40	36	74
20-24	184	151	177	170	169	615
25-29	200	158	189	199	174	496
30-34	135	133	161	173	148	439
35-39	131	156	154	162	145	567
>= 40	177	188	180	159	177	675
Total	845	815	893	903	849	2,866



Population	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	89,960.22	97,211.06	101,742.92	103,979.52	99,700.77
20-24	407,896.25	408,673.02	416,571.93	423,448.74	426,856.25
25-29	301,023.73	295,861.48	298,208.35	303,986.22	307,502.33
30-34	210,243.28	206,598.27	205,040.00	206,150.65	209,127.84
35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87
>= 40	132,655.89	127,672.92	124,588.75	124,232.43	126,871.55
Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61

Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	0.20	0.30	0.31	0.38	0.36
20-24	0.45	0.37	0.42	0.40	0.40
25-29	0.66	0.53	0.63	0.65	0.57
30-34	0.64	0.64	0.79	0.84	0.71

35-39	0.89	1.06	1.03	1.06	0.92
>= 40	1.33	1.47	1.44	1.28	1.40
Total	0.66	0.63	0.69	0.69	0.64

Source: DMSS 1/19/2022

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

\* Selected Diagnoses:

I47 Paroxysmal tachycardia

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

Condition: Primary Diagnosis

Gender: All Race: All

Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

Location: ALL LOCATIONS

		E00 - E07 Di	sorders of Thyroi	d Gland		
Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
< 20	184	160	154	158	148	204
20-24	1,137	1,118	1,087	1,140	1,035	2,825
25-29	1,617	1,644	1,556	1,552	1,432	4,479
30-34	1,680	1,427	1,479	1,445	1,415	4,786
35-39	1,633	1,598	1,467	1,416	1,390	5,368
>= 40	1,827	1,747	1,614	1,578	1,473	7,107
Total	8,078	7,694	7,357	7,289	6,893	24,76
	IC	D E00 - E07 D	isorders of Th	yroid Gland		
			016 - Nov 202	•		
9000 ———						3000
8000					_	
0000					1	2500
7000						
6000						2000
5000						
4000						1500
4000 ———						
3000						1000
2000						
1000						5000
0 Count	ts < 20	20-24 25-	29 30-34	35-39	>= 40 Total	0
	Series1		Series3 ——Series		Series6	
		JCHCJZ	Jenes Jenes	- 3611633		
Population	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
< 20	89,960.22	97,211.06	101,742.92	103,979.52	99,700.77	
20-24	407,896.25	408,673.02	416,571.93	423,448.74	426,856.25	
25-29	301,023.73	295,861.48	298,208.35	303,986.22	307,502.33	
30-34	210,243.28	206,598.27	205,040.00	206,150.65	209,127.84	

35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87
>= 40	132,655.89	127,672.92	124,588.75	124,232.43	126,871.55
Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61
Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	2.05	1.65	1.51	1.52	1.48
20-24	2.79	2.74	2.61	2.69	2.42
25-29	5.37	5.56	5.22	5.11	4.66
30-34	7.99	6.91	7.21	7.01	6.77
35-39	11.10	10.82	9.77	9.24	8.85
>= 40	13.77	13.68	12.95	12.70	11.61
Total	6.27	5.99	5.68	5.54	5.19

Source: DMSS 1/19/2022

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

<sup>\*</sup> Selected Diagnoses:

E00 - E07 Disorders of thyroid gland

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, Jan -Nov 2021

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

Condition: Primary Diagnosis

Gender: All Race: All

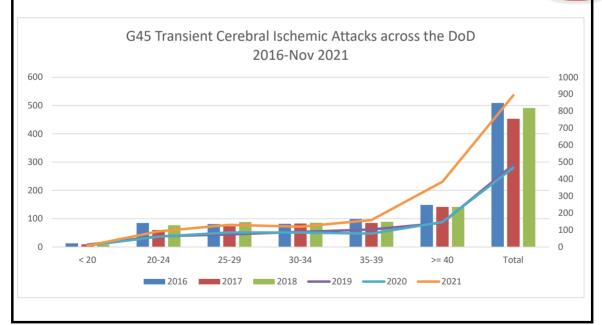
Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

Location: ALL LOCATIONS

Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2022
< 20	13	10	9	14	9	
20-24	85	60	77	63	61	9
25-29	81	73	88	74	86	13
30-34	82	83	86	89	85	12
35-39	99	85	89	103	79	15
>= 40	149	142	142	142	147	38
Total	509	453	491	485	467 (	89



Population	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	89,960.22	97,211.06	101,742.92	103,979.52	99,700.77
20-24	407,896.25	408,673.02	416,571.93	423,448.74	426,856.25
25-29	301,023.73	295,861.48	298,208.35	303,986.22	307,502.33
30-34	210,243.28	206,598.27	205,040.00	206,150.65	209,127.84
35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87
>= 40	132,655.89	127,672.92	124,588.75	124,232.43	126,871.55
Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61
Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Rate < 20	<b>2016</b> 0.14	<b>2017</b> 0.10	<b>2018</b> 0.09	<b>2019</b> 0.13	<b>2020</b> 0.09
		_			
< 20	0.14	0.10	0.09	0.13	0.09
< 20 20-24	0.14 0.21	0.10 0.15	0.09 0.18	0.13 0.15	0.09 0.14
< 20 20-24 25-29	0.14 0.21 0.27	0.10 0.15 0.25	0.09 0.18 0.30	0.13 0.15 0.24	0.09 0.14 0.28
< 20 20-24 25-29 30-34	0.14 0.21 0.27 0.39	0.10 0.15 0.25 0.40	0.09 0.18 0.30 0.42	0.13 0.15 0.24 0.43	0.09 0.14 0.28 0.41

Source: DMSS 1/19/2022

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

G45 Transient cerebral ischemic attacks and related syndromes

<sup>\*</sup> Selected Diagnoses:

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

**Condition: Primary Diagnosis** 

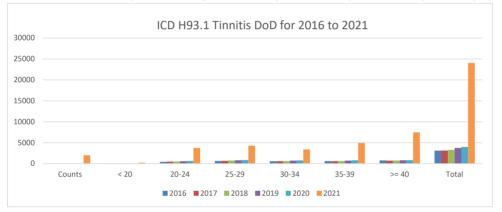
Gender: All Race: All Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

Location: ALL LOCATIONS

Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
< 20	72	71	75	81	78	205
20-24	425	481	500	590	637	3,743
25-29	650	682	740	813	863	4,290
30-34	578	587	612	733	789	3,392
35-39	612	580	621	731	793	4,941
>= 40	775	731	754	811	825	7,484
Total	3,112	3,132	3,302	3,759	3,985	24,055



Population	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	89,960.22	97,211.06	101,742.92	103,979.52	99,700.77
20-24	407,896.25	408,673.02	416,571.93	423,448.74	426,856.25
25-29	301,023.73	295,861.48	298,208.35	303,986.22	307,502.33
30-34	210,243.28	206,598.27	205,040.00	206,150.65	209,127.84
35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87
>= 40	132,655.89	127,672.92	124,588.75	124,232.43	126,871.55
Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61
Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Rate < 20	<b>2016</b> 0.80	<b>2017</b> 0.73	<b>2018</b> 0.74	<b>2019</b> 0.78	<b>2020</b> 0.78
< 20	0.80	0.73	0.74	0.78	0.78
< 20 20-24	0.80 1.04	0.73 1.18	0.74 1.20	0.78 1.39	0.78 1.49
< 20 20-24 25-29	0.80 1.04 2.16	0.73 1.18 2.31	0.74 1.20 2.48	0.78 1.39 2.67	0.78 1.49 2.81
< 20 20-24 25-29 30-34	0.80 1.04 2.16 2.75	0.73 1.18 2.31 2.84	0.74 1.20 2.48 2.98	0.78 1.39 2.67 3.56	0.78 1.49 2.81 3.77

Source: DMSS 1/19/2022

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

H93.1 Tinnitus

<sup>\*</sup> Selected Diagnoses:

Service: All Age: All Grade: All

Time: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020

Data Sources: Hospitalizations, Ambulatory Data, Reportable Events

Condition: Primary Diagnosis

Gender: All Race: All

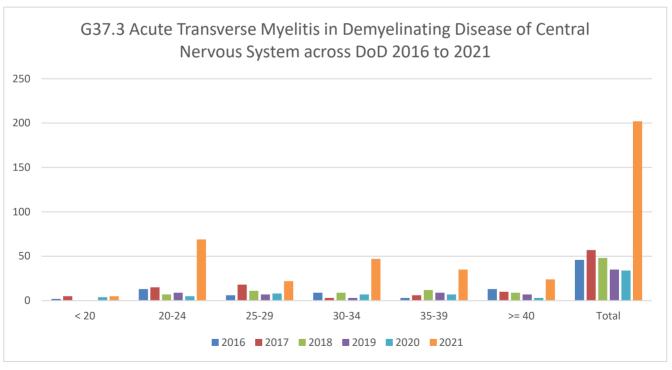
Marital Status: All

Occurrence: All Occurrences

Occupation: ALL OCCUPATION GROUPS

Location: ALL LOCATIONS

Counts	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
< 20	2	5	0	0	4	5
20-24	13	15	7	9	5	69
25-29	6	18	11	7	8	22
30-34	9	3	9	3	7	47
35-39	3	6	12	9	7	35
>= 40	13	10	9	7	3	24
Total	46	57	48	35	34	202



Population	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	89,960.22	97,211.06	101,742.92	103,979.52	99,700.77
20-24	407,896.25	408,673.02	416,571.93	423,448.74	426,856.25

25-29	301,023.73	295,861.48	298,208.35	303,986.22	307,502.33
30-34	210,243.28	206,598.27	205,040.00	206,150.65	209,127.84
35-39	147,076.90	147,648.83	150,119.41	153,231.54	156,973.87
>= 40	132,655.89	127,672.92	124,588.75	124,232.43	126,871.55
Total	1,288,856.27	1,283,665.58	1,296,271.36	1,315,029.10	1,327,032.61
Rate	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
< 20	0.02	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.04
20-24	0.03	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.01
25-29	0.02	0.06	0.04	0.02	0.03
30-34	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.03
35-39	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.06	0.04
>= 40	0.10	0.08	0.07	0.06	0.02
Total	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.03

Source: DMSS 1/19/2022

Rate calculated in counts per 1,000 persons per year. Data with unknown values excluded.

G37.3 Acute transverse myelitis in demyelinating disease of cnsl

<sup>\*</sup> Selected Diagnoses: